W. H. PERRY,
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

JONES,
The People's Pharmacist.
34 Government Steet.
Open Day and Night.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1893. No. 218

This Season's

Jackets, Mantles, Capes

A Magnificent Assortment

On View This Week

AT THE WESTSIDE.

BEAR IN MIND

That we supply THE TRADE with the Celebrated Woonsocket Brand.

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

SEND ORDERS DIRECT LENZ & LEISER

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

BANKERS

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.

Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.

Collections made at every point.

Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

AGENTS FOR

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints | For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone | Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY

Is what you receive from us.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.

We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.

We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.

Boot and Shoe Department next door below.

55 & 57 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A YOUNG WOMAN wants situation as housekeeper in gentleman's family. Address C. N., Times office. s16-1w

Tenders for Purchase

Of the 10-roomed house and lot situate on southwest corner of Johnson and Quadra streets will be received till the 23rd inst., at No. 178 Johnson street, Victoria, B.C. Highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. The premises may be inspected between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. and 5 and 7 p.m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a warrant of execution issued out of the County Court of Victoria, dated the 8th day of September, 1893, at the suit of Irving Arthur Lemon against John William Smith, late of the City of Victoria, I have seized certain goods and chattels, the property of the said defendant, John W. Smith, in and upon the premises situate at the corner of Pandora and Broad streets, and also at the bone factory on Carey Road, Victoria District, and will sell the same on Wednesday, the 20th day of September, instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the corner of Pandora and Broad streets, aforesaid.

Terms: CASH.

Sept16-3t J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff.

LECTURE

REV. W. P. GEORGE, D.D.,

OF SEATTLE, WASH.,

will deliver his admirable Lecture on

"The Universe, Seen and Unseen,"

—ON—

MONDAY EVENING NEXT,

—AT THE—

Metropolitan Methodist Church.

Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

Admission 25 Cents at the Doors.

Proceeds in aid of Church Funds.

Choir, under the leadership of Prof. Buck, will give an opening anthem. sept16tl

MYSTERIOUS MARAUDER.

Valuable Documents Wantonly Destroyed—The Two Michaels.

Nanaimo, Sept. 16.—Quite a sensation was caused in the city yesterday when it became known that the offices of the New V. C. Co. had been forcibly entered. The object of the culprit does not appear to have been burglary, but to get certain documents. He entered by way of the surveyor's office, and used a large chart found there for a torch. He then entered Mr. Robins' private office and destroyed a number of letters and did much other damage. The other offices were served in the same mischievous way, but no attempt appears to have been made to tamper with the safe. A young miner named James Smith was arrested later in the day on suspicion of being implicated in the affair. He has been acting somewhat strangely of late and has been heard to threaten that he would damage the company's property unless his wants were attended to. The same night he returned wet through and without a hat. It is believed he fell into the tank by the side of the offices and lost it there. The work is looked upon as that of a lunatic.

Michael Maxim made an attempt on Thursday night to murder his friend, Michael Verasco, that he might get out of debt. Verasco advanced Maxim the capital to bring him to this city from Colorado, and on Tuesday night Verasco was asked to step outside, as Maxim had something to show him. Maxim led the way over to what is known as the bluff, where he went down on his knees and looked over, then called his friend to do likewise, and as Verasco did so, Maxim seized him by the heels and threw him over. The fall did not injure Verasco severely, so Maxim determined to finish his friend with an axe, but Verasco managed, hurt though he was, to wrest the weapon from him. Maxim is now a fugitive from justice, and a careful lookout for him is being kept.

HIGHLY ESTEEMED.

Consul Kito a General Favorite—The Race Meeting.

Vancouver, Sept. 16.—T. Kito, Japanese consul, was banqueted and presented with an address previous to going to Japan on six months' leave.

There was a small attendance at the race meeting yesterday. Jack Simcoe won the three minute trot, May Belle second. The best time was 2.51 1-2. Mayflower took the half mile and repeat; time, 56 1-2; Jack the Ripper second. Ripton won the three quarters dash. Mayflower second; time, 1.21 1-2. The 2.33 race was declared off.

The Rugby football club reorganized last night. A. St. G. Hamersley is president, McIvor Campbell captain, Cowper Coles secretary.

A meeting is called for to-night to choose delegates for the political demonstration at Kamloops in October.

The Reid & Currie Ironworks Company of New Westminster have assigned.

The Warrimoo was announced to sail at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The striking tailors talk of starting a co-operative shop. They say prices are lower in Vancouver than in any other city on the coast.

The Louise In.

The steamer Princess Louise arrived in from the north at 3 o'clock this afternoon. She brought about thirty passengers and over 10,000 cases of salmon. The latter was made up as follows: 2,000 cases from the Price Cannery Co., Gardner's Inlet, landed at Vancouver for shipment east; 2,335 cases from Naas River; 3,500 cases from Windsor cannery, and 500 cases from Lowe Inlet, a total of 8,335 cases, all to be discharged here. The officers of the Princess Louise do not report anything of special interest from the north.

PAPINEAU'S FAITH

Son of the Celebrated Canadian Patriot Renounces

ALLEGIANCE TO THE CHURCH OF ROME.

Thinks Presbyterianism Most Rational of all Sects.

The Faith of his Wife and Children—He Was Baptized a Roman Catholic—Has Long Disbelieved It—Stenographer Payne Wanted in the McGreevy-Connolly Case.

Ottawa, Sept. 16.—Archbishop Duhamel has received from Louis Joseph Papineau, son of Canada's patriot of that name, who resides at Monte Bello, down the Ottawa river, a letter renouncing all allegiance to the Roman Catholic church, in which he was baptized, but in which he has not believed since he was 25 years of age. He said he had joined the Presbyterian church because it was the most rational of all the sects; besides, it was the faith of his wife and children.

At the department of justice this morning in regard to witnesses for the McGreevy-Connolly case, which comes up here next assizes, it was feared that the absence of Payne, private secretary to Bowell, who is a material witness, and who is now on his way to Australia, may cause another postponement. Payne was one of the stenographers when the inquiry before parliament was held.

The steamer Sardinia, with Lord and Lady Aberdeen on board, passed Cape Chatt, 300 miles below Quebec, at 8 o'clock this morning.

Took Revenge With Vitriol.

Augusta, Ga., Sept. 16.—A sentence of six months in the county chain gang was passed yesterday upon Mrs. Fannie E. Denham, a widow of Terrell, for disfiguring the face of Mrs. Frank Hughes by an application of vitriol. Hughes had been an admirer of Mrs. Denham, and when he married a farmer's daughter she sought revenge. Mrs. Denham rode up to the Hughes homestead on horseback and engaged the bride in conversation, then she threw vitriol in her face, blinding her and leaving her disfigured. The trial attracted much attention and the courtroom was constantly crowded.

The Bullion Robbery.

New York, Sept. 16.—The theft of bullion missed from the Philadelphia mint was committed in this city, it was rumored yesterday, but the officials here have not yet been able to learn who committed it. The bulk of the bullion in which shortage was discovered was transferred from the vaults of the sub-treasury in this city in 1887. Officials at the sub-treasury were extremely reticent when asked about the loss.

Missed His Footing.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—Henry Forbes, boatswain of the British ship Saratoga, met with a serious accident yesterday. On going down a swinging ladder to examine some painting which had been done on the ship's side, he missed his footing and fell headlong on the barnacle-covered fender, 15 feet below. On examination at the receiving hospital his face was found to be horribly lacerated and his head severely cut.

Christian Jap Church.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—The first church to be erected by Christian Japs in this city will shortly be built on Pine street. Contributions to build the same have been furnished by the Methodist Episcopalian Japanese mission, and Rev. Dr. Harris of that organization will be the first incumbent.

Too Much Lumber.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—G. Bixbee, president of the Navarro Lumber Company, says the failure of the lumber concern is a natural consequence of the overproduction that has been going on for a number of years. He suggests as a remedy there should be a "combine" to limit the ouput of lumber and regulate prices. Competition is now excessive. His views are also entertained by other lumber dealers.

Wine Goes to Wilhelm's Head.

Stuttgart, Sept. 16.—At the banquet in the palace given last night by King William of Wurtemburg in honor of Emperor William, the Emperor referred to the Wurtemburg corps as the flower of all the German army, and declared that the corps was the protector of the empire and the guardian of European peace.

Dominion Politics Abroad.

London, Sept. 16.—The activity shown in Canadian politics by the tours of the Canadian ministers and the leader of the opposition, has aroused interest here. In some quarters a general election is supposed to be at hand. The Pall Mall Gazette predicts that by January a general election in Canada will be announced. The Westminster Gazette (Gladstonian) has a summary of the parliamentary session, and in it stigmatizes Hon. E. Blake as a decided failure. It declares the Canadian style of oratory is evidently quite unsuitable for the British House of Commons. It is proposed to strengthen and recruit the colonial party from among the peers who have lately returned from colonial service.

Electricity in New England.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 16.—A vast scheme is nearing completion whereby the entire electric road system of New England will be placed under the control of one syndicate. The scheme is not only to consolidate the various roads, but to build a trunk line that will connect the principal cities of Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts. A start has been made and a surveyor now has a force at work laying out the line from Nasau to this city, 40 miles. The road will be built in the spring and extended to Manchester and Concord. Another line is to be built from Amesbury through to Hampton and Portsmouth by the Maine branches, thence to Portland. This line will connect with Laurence, Howell and Haverhill, Amesbury and Merrimac and the Newburyport and Amesbury. These roads are controlled by various companies, the Shaw, the North Shore traction, the Western and a Connecticut syndicate.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Americans in Nicaragua—Radicals of Argentina—Mexico's Finances.

City of Mexico, Sept. 16.—Congress will begin its autumn session to-day. Minister Lerdo de Tejada will probably present for approval before the close of the session various modifications in the tariff. He regards with disfavor the ancient practice of increasing tax and tariff rates whenever additional revenue is wanted. He believes trade can be greatly stimulated and treasury collections augmented by lowering the tariff on articles, mostly imported, a novel doctrine in this country, but one the enunciations of which has added to the president's popularity with the masses. General Diaz will say in his message that the closing of the India mint to free coinage of silver brought with it a sharp decline in the value of the metal and precipitated a universal crisis, which has not only seriously affected the financial position of Mexico, but hastened a commercial and banking crisis in the United States.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 16.—There is an undercurrent of distrust among the officials. Federal troops are being massed near Santa Catalina and General Roca has been recalled from La Plata to take command in person. Secret conferences are held daily between the ministers and leaders of the various political parties. Their conferences have given rise to an idea that a revolutionary uprising is imminent. The police last night dispersed a meeting of Radicals, who, it is alleged, have plotted against the government. Orders have been sent to the federal troops in San Juan and Cordova to remain neutral in case of any revolutionary uprising in these provinces.

Managua, Nicaragua, Sept. 16.—Congress assembled to-night. It is probable that those hostile to the continuation of Americans in control of the canal will endeavor to procure legislation rescinding the concession. Europeans settled here and in trade are opposed to the growing ascendancy of American influence in this country.

Millinery Display.

Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th, Lansdowne House, 80 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge.

ALASKA'S WEALTH.

What the Gold and Fishery Products for the Year Were.

Col. Isham, special deputy collector of customs for Alaska, who came down from Sitka last week, has given out considerable information about the big northern territory. He says the gold product this year is about $1,000,000. It is difficult to ascertain the actual output, for the reason that it is impossible to get the exact figures from the miners on the Yukon river. They come out of the country with from $2,000 to $6,000 each in gold dust, and as a rule they do not care to state their exact earnings. The Treadwell mines, however, turn out $700,000 in gold bullion each year, and it is safe to sum the other gold product up at about $300,000.

Speaking about the fisheries he said: "As I understand the matter the canneries that belong to the combination entered into an agreement not to put up more than 400,000 cases this year. From reports received to September 1 I estimate their catch at 250,000 cases. The independent canneries have packed about 50,000 cases. The whole output will not exceed 300,000 cases. The cod fishing business is now principally operated by a combination controlled by Lynde & Hough Company, of San Francisco, who combined with the McCullom Fishing & Trading Company. The base of their operations is between Popoff and Sanakh islands. The fish are taken to the salt house and then transported to San Francisco, where they are prepared for the market. In addition to this combination there are several sailing vessels engaged in cod fishing for private parties, notably the Lizzie Colby, of Seattle. The catch in 1891 was 1,380,000 fish, valued at $569,000. This output will be considerably increased this year. The fur circular issued by Secretary Carlisle has been posted throughout Alaska by the customs officers, and white men are not trapping fur-bearing animals so much this year as heretofore. This will have a tendency to decrease the fur shipments."

American Dispatches.

Washington, Sept. 16.—The treasury department yesterday purchased 40,000 ounces of silver at their counter offer of 74.25 cents per ounce. Purchases thus far this month amount to 1,204,000 ounces.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 16.—All the departments in Washington will be closed on Monday according to the special act of congress making that day a legal holiday in the District of Columbia for this year only, in commemoration of the hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the capitol.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 16.—The first national bank of East Portland, Ore., has been permitted to re-open.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 16.—The Brunswick board of health officially reports one new case of yellow fever, Miss Turner.

Manchester, N. H., Sept. 16.—At a meeting of mill agents yesterday it was voted to invite a general reduction to be graded according to circumstances, some less and some more than ten per cent. The new schedule goes into force immediately.

CHEROKEE BOOMERS

Extraordinary Scenes Among the Land Hunters.

A WILD, MAD STAMPEDE FOR PLACES.

Women Shorn of Clothing in the Fray and Men Hurt.

Military Guards Swept Aside—The Struggle to Get On the First Train—High Noon Sees the Crowd Sweep Across the Line—Estimates of the Numbers.

Guthrie, O.T., Sept. 16.—Long before daylight this morning thousands of people assembled about the Santa Fe depot here, and train after train was speedily packed with people and left for Orlando, upon the Cherokee-Oklahoma line. The rush for good places on the train was desperate and a number of people were crushed and injured. Upon arriving at Orlando all were compelled to leave the cars and take their places with 15,000 people who had spent the night there. Over a thousand people who had not registered were speedily accommodated, and then began an unparalleled scene of rushing, crowding, elbowing and fighting. Over 1,500 people wanted to go in on the first train, which had a capacity for less than 1,000. All were anxious to be at the best place to get aboard. At 11.30 the first train pulled up to the line and the other came directly behind it. There were at least a half dozen trains, but everybody wanted to ride on the first one and as far forward as possible.

With wild shouts the crowd rushed forward. The soldiers on the ground were swept from their feet, and for some moments it seemed as though the mob would capture the train, but the military with fixed bayonets compelled everybody to keep back. The crowd fought and struggled. Women had their clothes torn from their backs and men were knocked down and trampled upon. Scores of people were seriously injured.

All night there had been hurrying to and fro, and few of the 15,000 boomers upon the border of the promised land closed their eyes in sleep. With prairie fires raging in front of them and minds and bodies strained by pent-up excitement for the coming struggle, there was no room for sleep. All night wagons with boomers kept pulling up from the streams where they had retired for water and pasturage. All night loaded railway trains continued arriving, and before the break of day everybody was astir. During the night thousands of letters were written.

Every train was loaded as never before. In every conceivable nook and corner human beings were packed away. When high noon, the time for the start, arrived, a mighty shout went up, and the race across the line began.

Lincoln's Law Partner.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 16.—Milton Hay died last night of heart disease. He was born in Kentucky in 1818. Hay came to Illinois in 1832 and read law with Abraham Lincoln. He subsequently became Lincoln's law partner. Later he was the law partner of E. D. Baker, who became senator from Oregon, and of Sir John M. Palmer. He leaves a large estate.

A U. S. Coaling Station.

Washington, Sept. 16.—The U. S. minister at Hayti has been instructed by the state department to open negotiations with the Haytian government for the cession to the United States of the Mole St. Nicholas for a coaling station.

To Receive Aberdeen.

Montreal, Sept. 16.—A meeting of the civil reception committee has been called to consider the reception to the Earl of Aberdeen. It is likely that as the new governor will formally open the new board of trade building on September 17, that the civic reception will be arranged for the same time.

The India En Route.

Yokohama, Sept. 16.—The C. P. R. Co.'s steamship Empress of India sailed from here for Victoria on Friday afternoon, Sept. 15, her schedule date.

A Marine Disaster.

New York, Sept. 16.—The tug Talisman, while towing the pilot boat Gedney to sea, was run down and sunk by the British steamer Delaware this morning. Fred Freeman, the fireman, was drowned and the captain had an arm broken. The crew were landed at Quarantine.

Stolen Government Gold.

Washington, Sept. 16.—In an official statement the treasury department says that of the lost gold from the Philadelphia mint $14,000 has been recovered. A clerk named Cochrane confessed and told where the gold was secreted which was recovered yesterday. They expect to recover $90,000 more to-day.

St. Paul's Victoria West.

The second anniversary services at St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, will be conducted to-morrow morning and evening by Rev. A. B. Winchester, the Rev. Alex. Young of Wellington, previously announced, being unable to be present on account of ill-health.

The children's entertainment, "Kinderspiel," or "Happy Family," in connection with the anniversary services, on Tuesday evening next, promises to be most entertaining. The Ladies' Aid Society will also hold their third annual sale of work in the public hall on Tuesday afternoon and evening, 20th inst. Luncheon will be served from 5 to 8 o'clock.

BOMBARDMENT OF RIO.

How the Insurgents Made the Attack On the Forts.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 15.—Dispatches received here from Rio give some idea of the bombardment which has taken place in the bay. The facts as they reach here are as follows: The rebel ships Aquidaban, Republica and Trajano made an attempt to land soldiers and marines at Camboa, in the bay of Rio, and their fire is supposed to have been more for the purpose of covering the landing insurgent forces than as a regular bombardment. The rebels, it is added, have taken prisoners the officers of the gunboat Alloues.

The guns on the Aquidaban thundered forth at long range, for the rebel ships are not foolish enough to engage the forts, and the latter replied to the fire of the war vessels without apparent damage. At night there was a period of calm, but hostilities are expected to be resumed unless some understanding can be arrived at between the rebels and the government. The people believe the rebel ships would be only too glad to put to sea, but the contracted entrance to Rio bay, with Sugar Loaf fort on the left and fort Santa Cruz on the right, is a dangerous place for them to try and pass.

The insurgents fired a few shots at the forts, but did not engage them in the true sense. The sound of firing reaching the city caused alarm among the people. The loss of life, so far as known, is only one. A woman residing near the arsenal was killed by a falling brick. Both sides seemed to know little about handling modern ships' artillery. At the rate things are going the warships will have to surrender for the lack of ammunition and provisions. Fort Lage was also treated to a few shells by the rebels, but Fort Santa Cruz was the principal object of most of the rebel attack. Fort Eleaza Villa did most of the replying to the bombardment and the attempted landing at Cambos, but there is no record of the warships having suffered any damage from shot or shell. Rio itself was not bombarded. A few stray shells fell in the city, as a result of bad marksmanship, but no great damage was done.

No doubt many people on shore are in sympathy with the insurgents, for the latter seem able to keep posted on all the doings on shore. A few nights ago an attempt was made by a small steamer, with some government army and navy officers on board, to creep up to the ironclads at night. They had a torpedo boom rigged out ahead and were steering quietly up to the apparently sleeping ironclad in the darkness, when searchlights were turned on and a second or so later a hail of machine gun bullets was flying. Happily for the torpedoists the aim of the rebel sailors was very bad and the tug seems to have gotten away with all safe on board.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Additional advices from Rio point in a positive manner to the overthrow of the present government. Dissatisfaction is not confined to the navy alone, but is spreading to the army, where opposition to the government is becoming pronounced. It is believed dispatches will soon be received here announcing the success of the insurgents.

Floods in Spain.

Madrid, Sept. 15.—Floods at Villa Canas have done immense damage in that part of the country. Houses were washed away and many of the inhabitants have been drowned or crushed to death in the wreckage of their dwellings. The scenes were heartrending, and many of the poor people have had all their possessions swept away. Whole families have perished in the angry waters. Sixty dead bodies have been recovered. Many more are believed to be hidden by wreckage or to have been washed far from the town. Many of the deaths were caused by the flooding of the cave dwellings on the outskirts of the town. These dwellings are dug into the hillside almost on a level with the plain. They are occupied by the poorest families. The lower caves were filled at the first rising of the flood, and the occupants were drowned before they had time to escape. Other caves were but half filled, and the families in them still await rescue. The entrances to many caves have been blocked by falling earth. The authorities of Madrid and Toledo have sent companies of sappers and miners to rescue the families imprisoned. Food has been collected hastily in a dozen cities and is being carried to the sufferers. The minister of the interior left for Villa Canas this evening.

Not a Dollar Damages.

Seattle, Sept. 15.—Mary H. Smith lost her $10,000 breach of promise case against E. H. Fisher. The jury retired for deliberation yesterday morning at 11:30 and at 2:30 returned a verdict in favor of the defendant. The facts in the case were undisputed, with the exception of the agreement entered into last December. Mr. Fisher met the woman about nine years ago when she was what is known in such circles as a "box rustler" in Leadville. He went home with her that night and frequently met her thereafter. She had previously been living with other men, but seemed to develop a great liking for her new admirer. He visited her at Butte, Denver and Anaconda, and when he came to Victoria she followed later and commenced to live with him. Their relations continued for a few years until she made life so unpleasant that Fisher sought safety in distance. He, however, provided for her support, and desiring to sever all relations with her and throw off any presumed claim she had on him, proposed a basis of settlement. She agreed, and in the presence of attorneys, signed a full release. He paid her $400 and property at Yakima worth $2000. The only point at issue seemed to be as to the methods used to secure the settlement. Mrs. Smith allege that intimidation had been used when he was in a weakly condition and poverty stricken. The defendant positively denied this and the jury evidently believed him and conidered that the woman had no good reason to complain of her treatment and so failed to award her even a dollar.

Poor Rich Men.

I was chatting the other day with a rich young "income" member of the jeunesse dores. By income I mean one of those favored scions of wealthy parentage who inherits a sufficient income to never to be compelled to bother about earning his own living. Until within a few yars ago there were comparatively few of this class in this country, though there is a community of such in all the European cities. My young friend, who is a pink of fashion and quite a well-educated and agreeable fellow, was lamenting the fact that he could not possibly make both ends meet at the end of the year on his income of $15,000.

I expatiated on the fact that many men had married and maintained families snugly on less than $15,000; that the amount represented 5 per cent. on a small fortune, and that he simply must be recklessly extravagant who not only could not live well on it, but run in debt. He answered that his bachelor chambers were quite modest and his club bills very moderate, and that being absent so much visiting his friends he did not keep either a valet or an equipage.

He admitted that his clothing and personal outfit cost him more than his lodging or his club. I wondered how he managed, then, to spend his income so that he was always in debt at the end of the year. He then explained that while he spent so much of his time visiting his fashionable friends in their country homes or on their yachts, the outlay in tips for servants and presents to his entertainers was far greater than living "at home" and his club would cost him.

When he added that his wedding presents alone the past year had cost him $6,000 I could appreciate the force of his statement. Just think of it, how many families could be happy and wealthy on $15,000 per annum! Yet this scion of wealth is in a continual struggle with debt, which is far more wearing and disagreeable any day than the struggle of honest toil for daily bread.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The Mexican boundary dispute incident is closed with regard to its military features. A telegram was received at the war department to-day from Major Keys, commanding the United States cavalry at the scene of the trouble, stating that the Mexican customs officers had surrendered the 69 sheep in their custody to the owner, an American citizen. The United States troops will be withdrawn and the two governments will proceed to a settlement of the dispute by diplomatic means.

Washington, Sept. 15.—In reply to a dispatch from United States Consul Wilbur, at Lisbon, stating that Portugal had declared the ports of New York and New Jersey infected by cholera, Secretary Gresham this afternoon sent the following by cable to Mr. Wilbur: "Protest most earnestly against groundlessness and injustice of decree declaring the ports of New York and New Jersey infected. Rigid quarantine exists and the general health is excellent. The last death at New York was in quarantine, on Aug. 20th, and the last case on Aug. 19th. There is no cholera in the United States."

New York, Sept. 15.—The sale of the product of the Amoskeag mills at auction was well attended. All the principal buyers of the country were present. Ginghams and tickings were the first lot offered and the competition was not so brisk as was expected. The ginghams brought 5 1-8@5 1-4c. per yard, or one cent below the price list of the mills. The tickings sold at a range of 11 1-4@11 7-8c., or about two cents under the mill price.

Seattle, Sept. 15.—A special from Spokane states that Tom Bullivant was shot by his wife this morning, who then fired two shots into her own breast. Both are likely to die. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause. The husband is ten years younger than his wife.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The debate in the senate on the repeal bill to-day was on the affirmative side of the question. Two speeches were made in favor of the bill, the first by a Democratic senator, Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky, and the second by a Republican, Mr. Higgins of Delaware. Both were uncompromisingly and unconditionally for the repeal of the Sherman act. Mr. Lindsay eulogized President Cleveland's course as being exactly in conformity with the party platform, and with the popular will, and the legislation congress may enact in conformity with the platform will receive the executive approval.

Marinette, Wis., Sept. 16.—Forest fires are raging to such an extent in Marinette county that considerable apprehension is felt for the safety of several small towns which are situated in the midst of the forest. Word has been received from Peshtigo, Porterfield, Wausksee and other villages that they have been fighting the fire with all their available means for the past three days.

DELEGATES WELCOMED.

Return of the Y. M. I. Delegates from Marysville.

The British Columbia delegates to the grand council of the Y. M. I. returned home yesterday afternoon on the Umatilla. A reception was held by Seghers council at Institute Hall, a very pleasing programme being presented. The following address beautifully executed was presented to the delegates:

Victoria, Sept. 15, 1893.

To the First Grand Vice-President of the Grand Council, Pacific Jurisdiction, Young Men's Institute, and British Columbia Grand Council delegates:

Dear Sir and Brothers:—Scarcely a year ago we had the pleasure of congratulating you and ourselves on your election to the Grand Council, and of expressing our sincere belief in the wisdom of the Grand officers in selecting you as its Grand vice-president.

To have been elected to such an honorary position in an institution numbering its adherents by the thousands is evidence enough of your fidelity to our organization and of your ability as one of its most distinguished members; but we hold it a greater dignity to the Council that calls you its worthy president and an undeniable proof of your own worth that, after having held your honorable position for the full elective term, you have, by the unanimous vote of colleagues, been re-elected, and most heartily do we congratulate you and British Columbia on the distinction so worthily attained.

To you, our brothers, in the Y.M.I., we greet you with the kindliest feelings, and while welcoming you to our midst, congratulate you on the able manner in which you have represented us, and upon your safe return after fulfilling your onerous and responsible mission. We had hoped to welcome your return as members of the First Grand Council of the Northwest Jurisdiction, but in this, as in all matters entrusted to you, we have the fullest confidence in your ability and integrity, and believe that what you have done is for the best preservation of our interests as members of the Y.M.I.

In all undertakings, whether they be "fraternal societies," or "private enterprises," sacrifices are necessary in order to successfully bring forth the results aimed at. At the commencement the novelty of a new undertaking, and, in case of a new society, the zeal of new members keep alive the enthusiasm necessary to make sacrifices for the general good easy, but as time flies and the novelty of the work wears away the ardor, which at the start made work pleasant, is apt to wane, and we have to look elsewhere for that which will continue the good work. In private undertakings self-interest may supply the deficiency, but in the work necessary for the successful carrying on of a fraternal society we must look for higher and nobler motives, and for the subjugation of personal convenience and personal benefit for the general good of all. In finding members who, as each year rolls round, are willing to take the responsible work of delegates, and to travel hundreds of miles that their Council may be fittingly represented at headquarters, we, the members of the Y.M.I. in British Columbia, have been singularly fortunate; and for the good example you have given us, as well as for the creditable manner in which you have fulfilled your duties, we thank you most sincerely, and wish each and every one of you personally, and the Council you have so ably represented, every success in the future.

We remain, on behalf of Seghers' Council, No. 85, Y.M.I., yours fraternally,

W. STEWART,
M. STEELE,
L. GRAY,
J. SCANLON,
J. J. SWAIN,
Committee.

Grand Vice-President Father Van Nevel and other delegates made appropriate replies.

A Good Endorser.

Alma, Sept. 11.—R. C. Donaghey is a well-known merchant here, and a man of the highest respectability. His endorsement of any person or thing is, therefore, valuable. He told your reporter a couple of days ago that he had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills of the severe pains he suffered in his back for three years past. He has given practical proof of his belief in the efficacy of the pills by recommending them to several friends who suffered as he did, and who are now using the pills and being benefitted by them. It's the same good old story that is always told after any one uses this magic remedy.

The people quickly recognize merit, and this is the reason the sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla are continually increasing. Try it.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Langley & Co.

The Wealth of Gold Unmined.

An experimental boring 2,500 feet deep was recently made in Witwatersrand gold field, South Africa, with a view to testing the lay of the auriferous deposits. The result was of the most satisfactory character, and the strike has led to calculations of the hidden wealth of these fields, and possibly the following by Scott Alexander may be interesting as showing the rich possibilities of the future: Circumference of basin, 400 miles; diameter, 127 miles; area, 12,500 square miles, or 300,710,272,000 square feet. Taking the average thickness of eight series of blanket beds at 6 feet, equal to 48 feet, equals 16,834,093,056,000 cubic feet of reef, or at 15 cubic feet to the ton, 10,521,433,160,000 tons. At 30s per ton, very low, value of gold equal to £1,578,196,224,000, or one billion five hundred and seventy-eight thousand and ninety-six million two hundred and twenty-four thousand pounds sterling. Taking the population of Witwatersrand at 40,000 souls, this allows each £39,454,905 12s 6d.

Kittie Fox of Fairhaven, Vt.

"When my daughter Kitty was about three years old, Eczema or Salt Rheum appeared on her face. It itched so badly she would

Scratch till it Bled

We had seven or eight doctors, without the least shadow of benefit. When Kitty had taken half a bottle of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

She was better, and when she had taken 1½ bottles she was perfectly cured and has shown

No Sign of Salt Rheum

For almost four years. Her skin is now as fair and clear as any child's in town." Wm. Fox, Williams Slate Mantel Works, Fair Haven, Vt.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

maintains its high standard as

A Perfect ☆ ☆ Beef Food.

STAMINAL

Is a Food and a Tonic combined.

It contains the feeding qualities of *Beef and Wheat* and the tonic qualities of *Hypophosphites* in the form of a

Palatable Beef Tea.

Milk Granules

is the solids of pure Cow's Milk so treated that when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is

The Perfect Equivalent of MOTHER'S MILK.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 42 Third street, Victoria.

Argyle House

DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
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JUST RECEIVED

One more case of imported

CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
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CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.

W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.
W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.
W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.
W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.

5 HOOK BLUE COUTILLE, $1.25 A pair.

5 HOOK GREY COUTILLE, EXTRA, $1.50 a pair.

5 HOOK GREY JEAN, EXTRA quality, $2.50 a pair.

5 HOOK GREY JEAN, EXTRA quality, very long, $2.50 a pair.

J. Horner & Co.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

BIG CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. TRADE MARK PRICE $1.00

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to he Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.

Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. 710-tf

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

Exhibition

And Grand

Celebration

At New Westminster,

—ON—

Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday Friday, September, 26, 27, 28, 29, 1893.

$15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is the Largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet. Division No. 11
Canadian Wheelmen's Association
To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.
Acquatic Sports and Canoe Races
Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.
Entirely new feature of a
Log Chopping Contest
In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.
Horse Races.
Championship Lacrosse Match
Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.
Rugby and Association Football Matches, Sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present and dispense music throughout the Exhibition Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B MACKENZIE, General Secretary.
T. J. TRAPP, President R. A. & I. Society.
D. S. CURTIS, Mayor, Chairman Celebration Committee.

Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Agricultural Society

Annual Exhibition

Will be held in the Society's Grounds,

AT DUNCAN'S

—ON—

SATURDAY, September 23, 1893

For the Display of Agricultural Produce, Stock, Etc., Etc.

W. H. ELKINGTON, President. ALEX. BLYTH, Secretary.

sc6-d&wtd

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29 1893. 1781-3m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given, that Edward White, carrying on business at Number 61 Government street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Brown & White, dry goods merchants, has assigned all his real and personal property, except as hereinmentioned, to John Joel Austin, of the said city of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Edward White. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustee on the 21st day of August, A.D. 1893, and the said assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said Edward White must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignee at Victoria, on or before the 21st day of October, 1893. All persons indebted to the said Edward White are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said 21st day of October, 1893, the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the assignee, 32 Fort street, Victoria, on Monday, the 28th day of August, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON FELL,
50 Langley St., Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignee.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram; only $600; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 6 per cent. simple.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 6 per cent., easy terms.
Acre Blocks, $300; 1 acre Blocks at $600, easy terms.
20 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 3 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,500.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4 000; good terms.
Kasslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
s29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

The British Columbia Corporation,
LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The Offices of this Corporation have been removed from 76 Wharf Street to Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B. C.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd. Liability, Managers and Agents.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Notice of Removal.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY,

Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Estate of Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 19th day of August, 1893, by Harry Disher, of No. 89 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, and Stephen Graham Campbell, of No. 8 North Park street, in the said city of Victoria, carrying on business of grocers at No. 81 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style or firm name of Disher & Campbell, the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell granted and assigned their real and personal property to Charles Fox Todd, of No. 218 Johnson street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and carrying on business at 72 Wharf street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, and Joseph Clearihue, residing at Cadboro Bay road, in the said city of Victoria, and carrying on business at 29 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell. The said Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 19th day of August, 1893.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1893.

E. PERRY MILLS,
of 46 Langley street, Victoria, B. C.,
a21-1m Solicitors for the trustees.

WANTED $25,000

THE STANLEY HOUSE

WANTED $25,000

General Dry Goods, Millinery and Mantles.

Owing to the stringency of the money market and hard times we have decided to reduce our New and Fashionable Stock by $25,000. To do this we offer the whole of our new SEASONABLE STOCK, consisting of some $60,000 worth of General Dry Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Hosiery, Etc.

AT COST

New Fall Mantles at Cost. | New Fall Dress Goods at Cost. | New Fall Millinery at Cost. | New Trimmings at Cost.

New Blankets at Cost. | New Dry Goods of all Descriptions at Cost.

A SMALL ASSORTMENT OF REMNANTS AND MANTLES, NOT THIS YEAR'S GOODS, AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

We Mean Business and have put the knife right in to the hilt. We expect no profits this season, except the satisfaction of reducing our stock by about one half.

= Opening of New Fall Millinery, Tuesday, Septenber 19th. =

The Store will be CLOSED for remarking and arranging Stock on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th.
Sale Commences TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th. The chance of a lifetime to get your entire Fall outfit AT COST.
Remember the address—

THE STANLEY HOUSE, 55, 57, 59 Douglas Street, Corner of Fort, W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

TUPPER TALKS.

The High Commissioner's Views on Canadian Railways and Annexationists.

An interesting "commercial conversation" with Sir Charles Tupper, together with an excellent portrait of the high commissioner, appear in the last number of Commerce. The interview turned especially on Canada's railway policy, and Sir Charles emphatically declared himself against control of the railways by the government. The state ownership of railways in the Dominion did not work at all, said Sir Charles. Indeed, if there was one thing more than another a government was unfitted to do it was to manage a railway.

"And why?" asked the reporter. "Because," replied Sir Charles, "If a railway is to be made to pay it must be managed by men whose sole aim and object it is to see that it does pay, and who, therefore, employ every possible means of making it pay. The Canadian government started building the Canadian Pacific Railway, and indeed actually did build many miles of it. Nevertheless, I feel that if the undertaking had not been handed over to private enterprise the railway would not have been finished yet."

"Then again," proceeded Sir Charles, "look at Australia. I make bold to say that the chief, or certainly one of the chief, causes of the financial difficulties in those colonies is the state ownership of railways. That may be a strong view, perhaps, but I feel I am right. In my opinion two events must take place before the Australian colonies feel themselves on a safe foundation of prosperity. One is the federation of the colonies, with one parliament. This has been brought about in Canada, and has enhanced its credit very much. The other is the handing over of the railways to private companies. No doubt there would be a loss on this. No private companies that were formed would buy the lines at what they cost; but I am quite convinced the resultant gain from this policy will more than compensate for the immediate and present loss." Political considerations have also much to do with the state ownership of railways. "In the colonies and comparatively new settled countries generally, we are," said Sir Charles, "a long way off yet from seeing a state department engineered without regard to the susceptibilities and interests of members and their constituents."

Governments can, however, help lines without retaining any interest in them. The Canadian Pacific Railway was opened in 1886. "Of course," continued Sir Charles, "there were difficulties at different times. On one occasion the government lent the company $30,000,000. I remember that very well. All along an influential section in Canada were opposed to the line, convinced that it was an impracticable scheme inevitably doomed to fail. You know Mr. Blake; he was then the leader of the opposition in our parliament, and I can vividly picture him leaning over to me and saying 'Why call it a loan: why not call it a gift right out?' However, we lent the money and it was duly repaid. I never once lost confidence in the ultimate success of the line, and the fact that it paid almost from the start, compared with what I have told you about the Intercolonial Railway, just shows how right I am in saying that railways are best in the hands of private companies."

With regard to Canada's future, the high commissioner feels pretty confident. "It is," he said, "the future undeveloped granary of the world, and what has been, in the matter of growth and prosperity, is but a pale foreshadowing of what will be." Of the importance of the Canadian Pacific line to the east and of the new steamship line to Australia he has also often expressed himself. "Referring especially to the alternative route to India via Vancouver, he said: "It is a great thing to be able to have communication between England and India or Australia without once quitting the protection of the British flag, or being dependant upon the permission of an alien state to cross its territory; and the Pacific, I need hardly say, would be less readily accessible for the operations of a possible enemy's cruisers than the Atlantic is."

And then, as to the defence of the empire, he thinks there is no doubt that the colonies are more than willing to bear their share, and he added: "Should England ever engage in war, not the least advantage of the new route may be the facility it will afford for the transport of the colonial volunteers, who, I am sure, would rally around the Old Country. With Esquimalt well supplied with ammunition, and all other military requirements, it would become a powerful link in the chain of the empire's defences."

"And its effect on Vladivostock on the other side of the Pacific has not been overlooked," said the reporter. "Exactly," said Sir Charles, with a merry tinkle in his eye.

"What about the annexation party?" was the last question. Sir Charles quickly proved to the reporter the smallness and utter hopelessness of any such party. "Pooh," he replied, "that is altogether too insignificant a movement to discuss seriously. Mr. Goldwin Smith, as you may be aware, has made himself notorious by proclaiming aloud that the manifest destiny of Canada is annexation to the United States. Now I will give you an idea of the following he has. If he has any influence, personal or otherwise, at all, it is centred in Toronto. Well, a prominent citizen of Toronto, who confessed himself a convert to Goldwin Smith's views, put up for the legislature, and received 149 votes out of 9,000 votes polled."

All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, depositz in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lobb, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada.

A NORSE ORATOR.

Address to Former Compatriots—A Fight For Liberty.

Hon. Vigyo Ullman, speaker of the Norwegian Storthing, lectured in Seattle on Thursday evening. He said the present struggle in Norway was not the result of a political agitation, but a historical necessity and the result of the intellectual development of ages. One of the greatest barriers which the Liberal party had to overcome was the personal power of the king as such and the conventional belief that a man born of a queen was a supernatural being, a holy person, as monarchical constitutions declare, without personal responsibility.

The history of the consular question which of late has taken up the attention of the Norwegian people dated back to the act of union with Sweden in 1814. Sweden had, through its commissioners, agreed to alter its constitution in accordance with that act, as soon as Norway did. Meanwhile the foreign and consular affairs of the two countries should be attended to by the Swedish minister of foreign affairs. Norway had fulfilled its part of the contract, but Sweden has to this day neglected to do so. When the Swedish rissdag met it evaded its part of the international agreement, except that part which provided for a common king. One of the first results of this neglect on the part of the Swedish government was the memorable flag question. The Norwegian national assembly in 1836 adopted the Norwegian flag. The union jack, which has been added since, was the result of a royal command. Separate consule were guaranteed in Norway in its constitution, but the constitution has not been enforced. All the consular and foreign affairs of Norway are conducted by a Swedish minister, who is not responsible to the Norwegian national assembly.

In the most important commercial centres of the world Norway and Sweden compete for supremacy with the same articles of export. With Norway the consular question was an economical question. The Liberal party did not believe, as some ministers of the gospel preached, that poverty was a blessing.

There was no danger of war between the two countries. Sweden could not conquer Norway. Sweden does not desire to invade Norway. The Swedish soldiery would say no. The king of Sweden could not declare war against himself, being king of Norway. The Conservative parties of Norway and Sweden were pulling together for their own ends. The success of the Norwegian Liberal party would prove the death blow to the Swedish nobility and aristocracy. The union between the two countries consists in a common king and a common defense against foreign invasions. There was no reason in the world why the two countries should not have separate flags, separate consuls and separate ministers of foreign affairs.

Norway could not be without the external proof of independence, its own flag. Other questions of great import were pushed into the background by the consular question. The Liberal party believed that all the grown-up people should have the right of suffrage. It believed that women should be classified within that category. At the last session 64 out of the 114 deputies had voted in favor of woman suffrage, but it required a two-third majority to amend the constitution. The speaker felt confident that Norway would lead the other nations of the world in granting to women the free and unlimited right of suffrage. The Radical party believed in abolishing the standing army, which annually devoured one-half of the budget of the Norwegian nation. It believed in arbitration, not in armed encounters. The amelioration of society lies at the heart of the Liberal party, but those important questions had been over-shadowed and pigeon-holed by the union differences.

The only thing he requested of the Norwegian-Americans was their sympathy in the struggles of the progressive party of their old fatherland.

Mr. Ullman was repeatedly interrupted by applause. He is a man of fine physical appearance. His face has a striking resemblance to those generally engraved on ancient Roman coins, and his bearing is dignified. He comes from an old aristocratic family, but has turned out to be a prominent Radical, contrary to the traditions of his family. He was born in Christiania, the capital of Norway, in 1848, and was elected a member of the storthing in 1885, and has been returned at every election since. In 1892 he was elected president of the storthing. His political antagonists surname him the Norwegian Robespierre.

Her Son's Vacation.

One of the new ones came down the avenue yesterday afternoon on a cable car. Near him sat a lady of uncertain age and certain avoirdupois. Something in his conversation attracted her attention.

"Sir," she said, "are you a congressman?"

"Madam," he responded, "I am."

"Well, then," she said, "my son is employed in the architect's division of the navy department, and he is a good boy, and he is competent. They have given all the other employees 30 days' leave of absence, and my boy wants to go to the fair.

"We don't want to lose his salary meantime, and they have not given him any holiday, and I want you to pass a bill giving him 30 days' rest, with full pay, and—"

"Madam," he interposed, "I fear it would be impossible in the short time allowed me."

"Well, there was something about leaves of absence and bills in the appendix of the last Congressional Record. Couldn't you get your bill in there?"

"It would hardly be possible for me to call in all the government printing," he said, "but I might get it in the next index."

"That will do perfectly," she said, as she stopped the car.—Washington Post.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Langley & Co.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

John Morin, of Renfrew, was instantly killed last night by the end of a pier falling on him.

James Robertson, while driving across the track in Toronto, was struck by a trolley car and probably fatally injured.

The citizens of St. John, N. B., by a vote of 2055 to 704 yesterday, decided to reduce the number of aldermen from 26 to 15.

Louis Papineau, while driving from St. John's to La Prairie yesterday, was stopped by highwaymen and forced to deliver up $800 which he had just drawn from a bank.

Frank W. Coulson, of Toronto, is suing Frank Wilson, who carries on "patent inside" business, for $20,000 damages for alleged breach of contract. Coulson says Wilson undertook to publish his advertisements in 300 Canadian papers for one year, and he has failed to keep the contract.

J. H. Ferguson, a lawyer, fell from a window in his office on the fifth floor of the Freehold Loan building, at Victoria and Adelaide streets, Toronto, yesterday, and was instantly killed, his head striking the stone pavement, which crushed in his skull. He was trying to fix an awning and slipped.

The Anglican synod spent yesterday discussing the phraseology of the solemn declaration of the joint committee as presented yesterday. They then proceeded to the discussion of the clauses of the basis of admission. The first two were passed before the midday adjournment. The first of these provides for the organization of the general synod, and the second declares that the general synod shall consist of two houses, the bishops constituting the first.

The Young Conservatives' convention closed last night after organizing for the Dominion convention to take place in 1894. It endorsed the politics of both Dominion and provincial leaders. A resolution to the effect that political offices should be filled on the ground of competency and not political service, was ruled out. Another advising a careful revision of the tariff met the same fate, Chairman Richard Armstrong, of Toronto, ruling that both resolutions were out of order because the meeting was for organizing solely and not for mapping out politics.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 3½ pounds sal soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

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SPECIAL
MASTIFF
There is as much difference in the flavor, strength and aroma of smoking tobaccos as in cigars.
MASTIFF
PLUG CUT
ranks with the finest Havana cigars in comparison.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal

What do you want A Waterproof for?

To Wear in Wet Weather?

Then you want to be sure that it is waterproof and you want the best article that you can get for the money. These chemically treated cloth garments are neither one thing nor the other. Did you ever see one after it had been thoroughly wet and then had dried up to about two sizes smaller.

Currie's Coats, Edinburgh Waterproof Are Just What You Want.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Du Bois, N. Y.; Office at Bray's Livery 103 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TRAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

THE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, MISS M. B. SHARP, 97 Quadra street. A full and efficient staff of teachers in every branch. Applications for admission made to principal at Conservatory, between hours of 12 to 1, on Saturday; 5 to 6 on Wednesdays.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 78 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 32.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pigard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja14 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pigard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 ALEX. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 128, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, Scribe E. jy19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. All Sir Morning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PRIDHOMME, C. C. jy19 R. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard street, on the 2nd Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS TUNED. JAMES HORNBURAN, Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all Kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired. Address—Room 23, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor for Her Majesty's Dockyard, Esquimalt.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Locksmiths. Estimates given for all descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at short notice. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 42.

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J. E. GARROW, M.D., Office, Clarence Block, Residence, Quadra street. Office Hours, 9.30 to 11 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m., and 7.30 to 9 p.m. Sundays, 2 to 3 p.m.

DR. A. [illegible], Office Rooms, 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and [illegible] streets, Victoria, B. C.

Dr. Wren calls particular attention to the [illegible] best dental talent for [illegible] to the requirements of the [illegible] superior to any [illegible] strength, [illegible] ity, and [illegible] it all the [illegible] of the [illegible] with [illegible] price [illegible] a specialty [illegible] teeth of the [illegible] work performed [illegible] and skilfully. Teeth extracted [illegible]

A. MAXWELL, ARCHITECT, 93 [illegible] In the Matter of [illegible] Campbell [illegible] Victoria.

Notice to Creditors. [illegible] estate having [illegible] Dated [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE. ONE NIGHT ONLY. Tuesday, Sept. 19, Under the Auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. Interpreters of the Masterpieces, MABELLE BIGGART, Author, Reader, Dramatist. MARIE LOUISE GUMAER, Contralto Soloist. Admission 50c., Gallery 25c. Reserved Seats, 25c. extra, at Jamiesons. se15 it

Delsarte College of Oratory. FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President, (President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.) Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada. DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture, School of Physical Culture, School of Dramatic Art, School of Belles Lettres. Fall Term September 12. For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

LOST—Party who found small book containing names of business men in Victoria and other towns, please bring same to Times office. On back of book is name of S. A. Josslyn. se15-1t

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Young girl as general servant, no washing. Apply Mrs. Macleod, Boyd street, James Bay. s14-3t

FOR SALE—A Snap; 80 acres, all good land, 2-1-2 miles from Alberni townsite; worth $10 per acre, reduced to $3 per acre. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. s14

WANTED—A share of your fire insurance business by the Scottish Union & National Insurance Co. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street. s14

FOR SALE OR TO-LET—An improved farm near McPherson's station. Price reduced to $1200 or rent $5 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s14

PIANO FOR SALE—Grand, square, rosewood, originally $800 in London. Apply to David Coulter, North Saanich, or to Blair & Gordon, grocers, cor. Michigan and Menzies streets. s13-6td-1tw

MISS WARREN, pupil of Mr. and Madame Hodda (Miss Louisa Paynes, London, England, is prepared to give instructions in singing and elocution. References kindly permitted to His Lordship the Bishop of Columbia, Mrs. I. W. Powell, Burdett avenue; Miss Dupont, Pandora street, and Miss Crease, Bishop's Close. For terms apply to Miss Warren, 33 Birdcage Walk, Victoria. s11-1m

FOR SALE CHEAP—Four good hacks and horses. Apply W. G. Bowman. s11-1w

TO RENT—The American hotel and bar, 16 rooms and a fine large concert hall. The bar and fixtures all complete. Apply T. J. Barnes, Barnes House. s11-1t

TO RENT—A well furnished five room cottage. Good location. Possession given immediately. 42 Cadboro Bay Road. s8-tf

TO LET—A nine-roomed house with the privilege of buying the carpets and furniture. Apply to Mrs. E. R. Matthews, 337 Johnson street. Sept 5,2 wks

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co, P. O. box, 628, City. s9-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Algerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply —E., this office. je9-tf

Shorthand and Typewriting.

I am making arrangements for classes in Pitman's shorthand and typewriting—day and evening. Terms moderate, call or write for full particulars. Proficiency guaranteed. J. A. BATES, Hotel Brunswick. s11-6t

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co'y, (LIMITED) ASSESSMENT No. 24. Notice is hereby given that an assessment of [illegible] per share has this day been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office, No. [illegible] street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the [illegible] day of October, 1893, when all [illegible] made all shares [illegible] default, will be [illegible] remain unpaid shall be [illegible] dealt with according to [illegible] By order of the Board, [illegible] Secretary. Victoria, September 2, 1893.

S. STODART, 84 Yates Street. Watchmaker and Jeweller. Sole Agent for Victoria for the Celebrated Waltham Watches. Repairing a Specialty.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL. Photographs. $3.00 PER DOZEN, CABINET PHOTOS. K. FORBES MACKAY. Photographer to Government House.

Notice to Creditors. [illegible] estate [illegible] large holders, is [illegible] of the [illegible] Monday [illegible] at 4 p.m. [illegible] Estate. [illegible] Fox. Tools [illegible] or before [illegible] 1893. After [illegible] 1893, the [illegible] tribute the [illegible] the parties [illegible] only to [illegible] have had [illegible] Dated [illegible]

THE DAILY TIMES. Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited; At No. 57 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION: Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week..... 25 cts. By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES: CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as "To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion. NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50. SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion. Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

PAYMENT OF LEGISLATORS.

The London Times publishes an interesting summary of a report by the British foreign office regarding the payment The returns also evocite ontehrsusqlA The returns also coever the questions of travelling expenses, dead-head privileges and perquisites generally. We feel convinced the information will be of interest to the members of the British Columbia legislature, who sometimes think that the indemnity allowed them of $600 and 10c. mileage each way is too small. The following is the summary:

Austria. 16s. 8d. each day's attendance during session. Travelling expenses paid.

Baden. 12s. a day and railway fare; peers are not paid.

Bavaria. No salary. Free travelling on state railways; 6d. per kilometer on all others; 10s. a day for expenses during session for members not living at the place where the legislature meets; allowance suspended when members absent.

Belgium. £17 per month during session for those not residing in the town; no free passes or allowance for travelling.

Bulgaria. 12s. per day during session, and 12s. for members for the metropolis or any other city in which the assembly meets; 6d. per kilometer for travelling expenses, or first-class fare where railway or steamer available.

Denmark. 6s. 8d. per day during session and actual travelling expenses; also a free seat in the royal theatre.

Egypt. 250£ for members from Cairo for carriage expenses; 125£ for travelling expenses for members from provincial towns.

France. £300 per annum; free on all state lines and the right to payment of 8s. per month, to travel first-class on every line.

Germany. No payment; free passages on railways.

Greece. £72 per session; about £40 for extraordinary session.

Hesse. 9s. a day and travelling expenses; no allowance to members living in the capital; none paid.

Hungary. £200 per annum and 40£ for house rent, reduced charge for season tickets on state lines, and the right of travelling one class higher than their tickets on all other lines.

Netherlands. £168 per annum and travelling expenses for members of the Second Chamber, and 10s. 8d. a day and expenses for members of the First Chamber.

Portugal. Payment discontinued September, 1892, except to members from the colonies. Free passes on state railways for journies to and from Lisbon. Municipalities may grant sum not exceeding 14s. 10d. per day to their members if the latter's circumstances require it.

Prussia. 15s. a day during session and travelling expenses.

Roumania. £1 a day during session; free passes on all railways and travelling expenses where posting is necessary.

Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. 6s. a day during session for town members; for country members 10s. a day, second-class ticket, and 3s. for incidental expenses.

Saxony. 12s. a day during session; free passes on railways.

Servia. 8s. 4d. per day during session; 2s. 6d. per hour for travelling expenses while actually traveling.

Spain. None.

Sweden and Norway. Sweden.—No payment to members of First Chamber; 40£ 13s. per session to members of Second Chamber, who are fined 11s. a day for absence without leave; travelling expenses. Norway. 12s. 5d. per day during their presence in the legislature; 11s. a day for traveling allowance, besides actual fares. Free nursing and medical attendance if ill during session. The latter privilege has been extended by (the members themselves to courses of gymnastics, massage, baths, wine for the sick ("medical comforts"), nursing and stopping teeth, etc.

Switzerland. 10s. for each day on which the council is answered, and travelling expenses at the rate of 2d. per kilometer.

Wurtemberg. 9s. 6d. per day and travelling expenses to members of Second Chamber, only to members of the First when they apply for it.

Again, it will be observed, is the only [illegible] to pay anything to its [illegible] tors. Some pay no salaries, but [illegible] allegiance [illegible] pay no [illegible] and [illegible] free [illegible] and [illegible] pay no [illegible] to the [illegible] to [illegible] day, but as [illegible] to the [illegible] up to the amount received by [illegible] Belgium [illegible] Bulgaria [illegible] Germany [illegible] Greece [illegible] Hesse [illegible] Hungary [illegible] Netherlands [illegible] Portugal [illegible] Prussia [illegible] Roumania [illegible] Saxe-Coburg [illegible] Saxony [illegible] Servia [illegible] Spain [illegible] Sweden [illegible] Switzerland [illegible] Wurtemberg [illegible]

Very Creditable Productions.

The War Cry, official organ of the Salvation Army in Canada, has some very creditable portraits in its current issue. Upon the front page are two excellent likenesses, half tone engravings of Lord and Lady Aberdeen. Staff Captain Banks, who formerly had charge of this post, appears with her husband, Ensign Maithy, on another portion of the paper, two very fine portraits.

To Manufacture Ink.

[illegible] Falconer has commenced the [illegible] of ink at his works on [illegible] He will make all grades [illegible] and expects to build [illegible] the province for a [illegible] Mr. Falconer [illegible] separate works [illegible] for the present, [illegible] ence in an [illegible] The pres- [illegible] has a million ds.

CAUSES OF THE DEPRESSION.

Bradstreet's is of opinion that the primary cause of the business crisis of 1893 in the United States was dependent on the effect on the banks of the withdrawal of foreign funds speculatively invested here, of hoarding by individuals and by savings banks to meet possible contingencies, the whole being precipitated by a well defined and well grounded fear of a depression of the standard of value in the United States because of the enforced purchase of $4,500,000 of silver each month. "In view of this," continues this well informed commercial journal, "it is strange so many writers and others have felt at liberty to declare that the late severe stringency of currency and consequent disturbance to trade were due primarily to anticipated changes in the tariff. All visible evidence points in another direction. No sooner had one branch of congress voted to repeal the compulsory purchase of silver clause of the Sherman law, no sooner had the likelihood of similar action in the senate become apparent, than hoarding and the premium on currency disappeared; domestic exchange rates became almost if not quite normal, the banks stopped taking out clearing-house certificates, and advised southern and western correspondents that they would be able to advance needed funds to move the crops, while last, but not least, the number of banking suspensions practically stopped short and the number of commercial and industrial failures dropped off 17 to 20 per cent.; a 'better feeling' was manifest in business circles north, east, south and west, and a widespread growth of confidence in an improvement in the general situation was manifest. The point lies in the fact that there has been no variation, present or prospective, in the outlook for a change in the tariff. Is confidence returning, are banks and investors lending more freely, have prices of securities and of staples advanced, and are industrial establishments resuming work because the tariff is likely to be changed?"

SOCIETIES.

K. OF P.

Sunset lodge, No. 10, K. of P., held its regular meeting last Tuesday evening. Nothing but routine business was transacted, consequently it was a short session. There is a movement on foot to form a bureau of relief whose business it will be to look after the welfare of members of lodges outside the province who may be taken sick while staying in the city.

Far West lodge, No. 1, held a regular meeting on Friday night. A communication from Royal lodge of New Westminster inviting the Victoria knights to participate in the festivities to be held during the exhibition, was read.

A number of visitors from Sunset and Victoria lodges attended the meeting of Far West lodge held last evening.

A. O. F.

Court Vancouver, No. 5755, will meet on Monday evening and initiate four candidates. A full attendance is requested, as there will be considerable business brought before the lodge. This lodge is in a flourishing condition, and is without doubt the strongest order in the province. Young men should join.

K. OF P.

Victoria lodge, No. 17, held its regular weekly meeting last Thursday evening. Six applications were made for membership and five applicants elected to become members of the lodge. The rank of page was conferred on three candidates, one for the rank of esquire and four for the rank of knight. Vice-Chancellor Quintard left for Vancouver Friday night and will be absent for a few days.

AUSTRALIA AND CANADA

Manufacturers and Business Men Meet Hon. Mr. Bowell.

A FEW FACTS TO TAKE TO AUSTRALIA

The Fish, Lumber, Tanning, Canning and Trunk Industries and Their Possibilities Fully Explained to the Minister.

A representative meeting of the manufacturers and business men of the city was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning to lay before the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of trade and commerce, facts in connection with trade between Canada and Australia. Among those present were Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney, Lieut.-Col. Baker, provincial secretary; Senator Macdonald, Thos. Earle, M. P., Lieut.-Col. Prior, M. P., F. C. Cotton, M. P. P., R. H. Hall, M. P. P., T. B. Hall, Capt. John Irving, A. J. McLellan, D. R. Ker, J. B. Alexander, British consul at Tacoma; W. J. Pendray, F. Norris, Jacob Sehl, Mr. O'Kell, Joshua Davies, C. E. Renouf, H. E. Connon, H. F. Heisterman, S. Leiser and many others.

President Flumerfelt occupied the chair. He said he was sure all were pleased to have Mr. Bowell present. What he wanted was information about the industries of the province that can trade with Australia.

T. B. Hall did not suppose that anything could be done in his special line of business, but there were other commodities that were produced here that could be sold in Australia. Chief among these were lumber and fish. If the Australian tariff was reduced for Canadian goods and the Canadian tariff was reduced for Australian goods a great impetus would be given to trade. The proposition should be: you give us something and we will give you something.

Thos. Earle, M. P., could add very little to what Mr. Hall had said. The province can and would produce many articles that can be used in Australia. If there were better trade relations, fish, which are at present almost prohibited on account of the tariff, could be sent over. There were also certain products of Australia which could be used here. The mill men were even prevented from sending lumber to some of the Australian colonies on account of the tariff, which imposed a duty of $6 a thousand on it. British Columbians did not want Mr. Bowell to make any arrangements with Australia that would make this worse.

C. E. Renouf asked if any treaty between Canada and other countries would prevent a reciprocal treaty between Canada and Australia.

Hon. Mr. Bowell said that there was none with the exception of the treaty between Great Britain and the colonies, which makes it necessary to give Great Britain the same concessions that are given to other countries.

Mr. Stephenson wished to say a few words in regard to the fishing industry outside the canneries. The hon. minister might make some inquiries about the dried, salted and fresh fish. Halibut, salmon and other fish are found in large quantities on the coast, but there is no market for them. The result of the Behring Sea arbitration would leave a large number of vessels without anything to do during nine months of the year. Among these would be two or three of his vessels. If he could find a market for fresh fish in Australia and there was cold storage in Victoria and on the steamers, he would send his vessels out next week, and he was sure that before the next steamer left he would have many tons of fish ready to ship. The fish on the Australian coast are of a very poor quality, and there are no great rivers, so they are without good fish. If the Australian tariff was not too high he for one would try the venture.

J. A. Clearihue, who is interested in the fish oil industry, thought that probably a market could be opened up in Australia for the Queen Charlotte factories. If a market could be found for the oil the factory he was interested in could put up 100,000 gallons, and other factories could do the same. A great deal of oil could be shipped to Sydney. All the oil at present put up is used in the mines and on the steamers of the province, and it is equal to any.

A. J. McLellan, the Naas river salmon canner, said that when he visited Prince Edward Island he found that the people considered British Columbia a sea of mountains without any agricultural land. He told them that if British Columbia had not the land she had the sea, which was not altogether valueless. If both Canadian and Australian duties were reduced a big trade could be fostered between the two countries. All the canned salmon is at present sent to England, so when the pack is unusually large the prices went down. If the salmon pack was divided between the different countries the prices would always be good.

Fred Norris said he had succeeded in stopping the importation of trunks, and was prepared to supply Winnipeg if he could get good freight rates. Therefore it was possible to supply Australia. The spruce used in the manufacture of the trunks could not be equalled by anything but leather. It is light and as strong as iron. Leather could also be exported to Australia, the British Columbia tan bark being considered as good as any in the world, and there is lots of it.

W. J. Pendray said that he had made inquiries about importing Australian tallow for making soap, but found the prices too high. Soap might, however, be exported to Australia.

Mr. Earle suggested that possibly oil or guano made from salmon offal might be shipped to Australia.

B. VanVolkenburg thought that mutton might be exported from Australia if there was cold storage on the steamers and a low tariff. There was one thing that could certainly be exported from Victoria. A large number are yearly [illegible] was sheep cases for covering [illegible] Francisco, and from there [illegible] parts of the United States [illegible]

[illegible] said that since speaking [illegible] in his hands the [illegible] were [illegible] Valley of Victoria [illegible] Mr. Bowell.

Hon. Mr. Bowell replied that he was pleased to see the interest taken in the matter. He was sorry that the time was so short, but he would be glad to receive any suggestions that the delegates might make. He would be glad to receive them in writing, and would bring them before the government. He was pleased to see that the manufacturers were alive to the importance of the trade with Australia. He would be glad to see the trade increased. He was sorry that the time was so short, but he would be glad to receive any suggestions that the delegates might make. He would be glad to receive them in writing, and would bring them before the government. He was pleased to see that the manufacturers were alive to the importance of the trade with Australia. He would be glad to see the trade increased.

about the interpretation of the tariff. Two pence a pound would prohibit the exportation of frozen fish.

Mr. Morris thought that there was a good opening for certain kinds of fruit that could not be raised in British Columbia.

J. H. Falconer said he had a few facts about the importation into Australia of pickles, jams and jellies. He had already sent over several barrels of pickles and was sure there was a good market for them. Over $200,000 worth of pickles and $340,000 worth of jams and jellies were annually imported into Victoria, Australia, alone. The other colonies would take as many. The only trouble was that he could not get enough vegetables in the province and he had to import them from the United States, paying a duty on them. He thought that he should receive a rebate of the duty if he sent them to Australia.

Hon. Col. Baker, M. P. P., said the discussion was of great interest to the farmers of the province. One gentleman said that he could not get enough fruit, another could not get vegetables, and still another could not get sheep. This gave bright prospects for the farmers. If the lumber duty in Australia was taken off it would give a wonderful impetus to the trade. He thought that large quantities of wine could be imported from Australia and Canada might take wine free in exchange for free lumber.

R. P. Rithet was pleased to see the Dominion government acting so promptly to encourage trade between the two countries. If Australia was given certain advantages it would be a very difficult matter to give the same advantages to all the Colonies and England. He had no doubt that the minister would make such arrangements that while they favored one they would do no injustice to the others. Australia consumed a large amount of lumber; in fact, a few years ago they consumed half of the output of both the British Columbia and the Sound mills. For the last three years, on account of the financial difficulties in Australia, they had not used so much, but this depression was only temporary. He knew of no Australian product not already on the free list that could be placed there. Salmon is not as largely used as it should be. There are 3,000,000 people in Australia, but they used hardly 50,000 cases of salmon a year. If duty was decreased it would have a tendency to increase the consumption. British Columbia could hardly expect to import wool from Australia for manufacture on account of the state of the labor market. The Westminster mill had to be closed on that account. He did not think frozen mutton would meet with favor, as the fresh article would be almost as cheap. Very little wine was used here, and if it was needed a cheap article could be obtained from California.

Hon. Mr. Bowell thanked the Board of Trade and citizens for the interest they had taken in his mission and the government's endeavor to increase the trade of the two countries. For a long while an offer of a subsidy had been made for a line of steamers between Canada and Australia, and at last Mr. Huddart had been communicated with. He agreed to run a boat once a month, and the act was changed, giving them a subsidy of £25,000 a year. The agreement was afterwards extended for ten years. At the end of three years they will put another vessel equal to the present ones on the route and run fortnightly. This was evidence of the government's wish to give the people of the west the same opportunities to trade as the easterners have. Already the company were beginning to tap the trade as far south as Portland and even San Francisco. He expected to have a great deal of difficulty in dealing with trade in Australia, as there are several governments with different tariffs to deal with. If he could go to one central authority he would look forward with more interest and hope. He would, however, do his best to create trade. He would try to lead them to the conclusion that as both belonged to the British empire we should deal with one another. We have to show them that it will be to their advantage to take our lumber, and we will take their mutton and wine. No doubt a large amount of oil could be exported to Australia. He was sure that the lumber of the province was good, as he had been assured of that by Mr. Van Horne and the gentlemen who are using cars made from it. Doors and sashes were shipped from Eastern provinces via New York and Boston to Australia, and there is no reason why they should not be shipped from here, as the lumber is superior. If frozen mutton is to be imported the duty on that will have to be lowered or the duty on sheep raised. A large amount of sugar is produced in New Zealand and the Fiji islands, and Mr. Oppenheimer of Vancouver had told him that he could buy that sugar cheaper than that refined at Vancouver. He, however, said he would sooner pay a higher price for the home-made article. (Laughter.)

A voice—We know Dave.

Mr. Bowell—The policy of the government was to encourage the industries by a duty and admitting free the raw material that they need. The farmers had better be set to work at once if the manufacturers cannot get enough fruit and vegetables. If the manufacturers went to the farmers and said they would take certain things the farmers would grow them. He was sure that in time Australia would use a great deal of fish.

Col. Prior asked if the contract between the company and the government made it impossible for the steamers to stop at Victoria and land freight.

Hon. Mr. Bowell—They must stop here inward and outward, but nothing was said about landing freight.

Col. Prior moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Bowell, which was seconded by Mr. Rithet and carried.

Hon. Mr. Bowell replied and the meeting adjourned.

The Sapphire Home.

The sealer Sapphire, Capt. William Cox, arrived in port at 3 o'clock this afternoon. She reached Clayoquot four days ago, 17 days from the Copper islands. She has 1,600 skins for the season, but has only 341 aboard. Capt. Cox says he never saw so many seals before as in the early spring, and never saw such dirty weather as prevailed around the Copper islands in July. He reports but little new. He too heard the rumors of wholesale seizures. A Japanese boat puller aboard was brought home in a strait jacket, having gone insane. He has been confined in the hold for two months. He was very violent at first, but has calmed down. Capt. Cox says he thinks he is all right again.

VASELINE

Five ounce bottle for 25c. The NEW SIZE of the Chesebrough Co.'s Blue Seal Vaseline.

COCHRANE & MUNN,

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts

Millinery Display.

Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge. *

The China Leaves Monday.

The Empress of China departs for the Orient on Monday, leaving Vancouver probably at some time in the afternoon. She will have one of the largest outward-bound passenger lists of the season, there being about 90 bookings already. A number of passengers will board her at Victoria. Her cargo of freight is not so good, but still it is fair. She will have a fair number of steerage passengers.

The Walla Walla's Passengers.

The Walla Walla sailed for San Francisco this morning with the following cabin passengers from Victoria: C. W. Dean and wife, Mr. Thomas and wife, Mrs. H. F. Fleth, Miss Parker, Miss F. Dudgeon, Mrs. Walby, Mrs. J. C. Nicholson, C. W. Buisse, the Masters Walby, John Richards and party, J. Pfan, P. J. Masenthall, Wm. Downie, Wm. Case, W. Friend and wife, S. Jones and wife, F. E. Sparks and wife, W. H. Meharry and wife.

Crowned With Success.

By improving the kitchen and dining room service of the Vienna Cafe, Wilson block, Yates street, the experienced manager, in spite of dull times, has succeeded in more than doubling his business since he took charge three months ago. Lunch is served from 12 to 2 at 35 cents; with beer, 50 cents. Dinner from 5:30 to to 8 p. m. at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents. Board by the week (three meals a day), $5. Meals a la carte at all hours up to 8 p. m.

Pleasant "At Home."

The "At Home" given last night by the ladies of the Metropolitan church at the residence of David Spencer was well patronized. Tea was served on the lawn and the following programme was rendered: Piano solo, Miss Laney; vocal solo, Mr. Packard; comic song, Miss Birdie Grant; guitar selection, Mr. Booth; vocal solo, Mr. Packard; vocal solo, F. Richards; instrumental duet (banjo and guitar), Messrs. Agnew and Booth piano selection, Miss M. Fox; instrumental selection, Messrs. Agnew and Booth; song, Miss Howard.

Direct Mail to Honolulu.

J. G. Rothwell, secretary of the Hawaiian post office department, has been in the city discussing arrangements with Superintendent Vaille, of the railway mail service, for the establishment of a through mail route from Seattle by way of Vancouver to Honolulu, by the Canadian Pacific steamers plying to that port and Australia. They agreed on recommendations to their respective departments, and the route will doubtless be established. Mr. Rothwell left for Victoria last night to return home on the steamer Warrimoo.—Post-Intelligencer of Friday.

A Well-equipped Practitioner.

Among the latest acquisitions to the ranks of Victoria's professional men is Dr. Findley, D.D.S., a graduate of the famous Philadelphia college of dentistry. Dr. Findley has, in his eleven years of active connection with dental practice, visited most of the large cities of the United States and personally observed the methods there employed. He has had the good fortune to act as assistant to some of the celebrated dental physicians in the city of New York. He therefore comes to Victoria splendidly equipped for the purposes of his profession. Although here only a short time, Dr. Findley has won for himself an extensive clientele, sufficient evidence in itself of his qualifications. His dental outfit and appliances are among the finest in the province.

The Grizzlies Will be Disappointed.

Mr. F. C. Selous, the champion lion hunter, and the rival of Mr. H. M. Stanley in African exploration, has, we regret to say, been obliged to postpone the visit he intended to pay to British Columbia this autumn in company with Mr. C. Phillipps-Woolley. The critical condition of affairs in Mashonaland gave that country prior claims upon him, and he left England by the Drummond Castle last Saturday for that part of his favorite continent. "If," he says, "Mashonaland is in danger, my duty is to be there to lend the boys a hand." If possible Mr. Selous will return to England at the end of this year, and it is Mr. Phillipps-Woolley's hope that they may be shooting together in the Pacific province during the coming winter. Mr. Selous intended to shoot first in Colorado, and then go north to British Columbia. Before leaving for Africa he completed an excellent chapter on lion hunting for one of Mr. Phillipps-Woolley's two new volumes in the Badminton series, both of which are now completed and have been illustrated by Mr. Charles Whymper and Mr. William.—Canadian Gazette, Aug. 31.

THE RAVINE NUISANCE.

Johnson Street Nuisance to be Effectually Eradicated

BY CUTTING OFF SEWER CONNECTION

And Diverting the Sewage Into the Regular Sewers at Points on Johnson, Government and Douglas Streets —Work to Begin at Once.

The Johnson street ravine nuisance is to be done away with. Monday morning will see the workmen begin on the job, and when the work shall have been finished no more unpleasant odors will compel the good citizen to put his scented handkerchief to his nasal organ as he passes different portions of the open ravine.

The nuisance will be done away with completely. All sewers emptying into the ravine will be cut off and the sewage will be diverted into another outlet, which will be the general sewerage system.

At present what is known as the Johnson street ravine drains a large tract of land in the eastern part of the city. The old ravine, which every early Victorian will well remember, used to drain a swamp, since filled in, and which swamp had for its area Yates street on the north, Fort street on the south, Cook street on the east and Quadra street on the west. The ravine used to extend from this swamp down where View street runs, crossing Blanchard at View street and running for a short space parallel with Blanchard street. Then it took another turn, crossing Yates street and Johnson street, when it again diverged to the west, running between what are now Johnson street and Pandora avenue to its outlet at a point in Victoria harbor, close to the foot of Johnson street. The swamp has long since been filled in and the fact of its existence is only remembered by a small number, who still have stories to tell of how many snipe they shot in an afternoon's sport. Portions of the ravine have also been filled in, and it now only extends to a point in the rear of the Chinese laundry at the north side of Yates street. It is the natural water course that has gradually been made a sort of sewer, and the emptying of foul and offensive matter into its has been the cause of great annoyance. A remedy has often been spoken of, but never until the present attempted. Sanitary Inspector Murray has for weeks past been trying to solve the problem of the effectual eradication of this nuisance, and has submitted a report on the subject to Mayor Beaven. This report has been given due consideration and pronounced favorably upon by the chief magistrate and City Engineer Wilmot. The scheme proposes to make three cuttings into the sewerage system, one on Johnson street below Blanchard street, a second on Douglas street near Pandora avenue, and a third on Government street at the foot of Pandora avenue. Through these channels it is proposed to direct the sewage that now empties into the old historic Johnson street ravine. This will exclude from the ravine all offensive matter, and although it will not do away with the ravine itself it will remove the chief complaint against it, the fact that it is a menace to the public health.

The question of filling in the ravine itself has not yet been considered, and probably will be left to be dealt with by incoming councils, as the current municipal year is on the wane.

Millinery Display.

Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge. *

Estimate of Sealing Catch.

Commander Ludlow, of the man-of-war Mohican, estimates that this year's sealing catch from pelagic sealing will be about 60,000 skins, which is reasonably valued at $720,000. This does not include 7,500 skins taken by the lessees of the seal islands, which would increase the income from sealing to about $1,000,000 annually.

Warrimoo Sails To-Night.

The steamship Warrimoo will leave Vancouver at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and should be tied up at the outer wharf at 8 o'clock. She would have left Vancouver earlier in the day but for the arrival of additional freight. She had to delay to take it on. At Victoria she will receive considerable freight in addition, but just what her total cargo will be is not known here yet. She will as well carry away a number of cabin passengers and considerable Canadian and English mail.

Inspector no More.

Yesterday was execution day at the custom house, says Friday's Port Townsend Leader, and as a result Customs Inspector W. F. Learned is to-day a private citizen, his successor in the service being Perry James Lyons, a young gentleman of Democratic proclivities, whose home is at Walla Walla. Learned was appointed by Collector C. M. Bradshaw and has been in office about four years. The place is worth $125 a month and found. Inspector Frank P. Loftus went out on the Kingston last night. This is the best of the inspectors' billets and the administration will make frequent changes, so as to give all hands an opportunity at what is considered in the service "a snap."

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora. *

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Ammonia. No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Turner, Beeton & Co. the other day shipped 30 casks of sealskins, valued at $30,000, to the London market.

—The city jewelers have decided to close their places of business at 8 p.m. for the winter; 10 p.m. on Saturdays as usual.

—Rev. D. and Mrs. MacRae went up by this morning's train to Wellington. Mr. MacRae will supply Mr. Young's pulpit to-morrow.

—The sealer Pioneer is back from the west coast. She took some Indians and a canoe of lumber and provisions down a fortnight ago.

—The office of the department of labor statistics will be located in the board of trade building as there is no room at the Government grounds.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods. *

—Call on Dr. Findley and have your teeth examined. He makes a specialty of fine gold fillings, crown and bridge work. Prices to suit the times. Office, 89 1-2 Government street, upstairs. *

—The Thunder Hill Mining Company will probably resume operations before long. A meeting was held yesterday afternoon, when the question of putting in new machinery was discussed.

—It is scarcely necessary to call attention to the Stanley House advertisement on the third page. It is large enough to be seen and we have no doubt the bargains offered are big enough to be appreciated.

—Spratt's ark has been chartered to bring 18 cars and one locomotive down from Vancouver for the Victoria & Sidney Railway company. The passenger coaches and second locomotive will arrive in October.

—Rev. Dr. George of Seattle will lecture at the Metropolitan Methodist church on Monday evening. He has been heard here before and is very popular. He is a good talker and a first-class entertainer.

—There will be a social entertainment on Friday evening next at Odd Fellows Hall, Spring Ridge, under the auspices of Sullivan lodge, No. 6, A. O. U. W. A very fine programme including an address by Rev. P. H. McEwan will be rendered.

—There was only one case in the police court this morning, Albert Parker, whose drunken alias is Maginty, and who was convicted and discharged. Pat Sweeney, arrested two days ago, has not yet recovered from the effects of his drunken spree and did not appear in court.

—Captain Urquhart wishes the report that his schooner Penelope returned from her sealing cruise earlier than expected by reason of lack of provisions denied as it is untrue. He says the vessel was short of butter and sugar but otherwise was well supplied with everything needed. He does not send his vessels out poorly provisioned.

—There were two marriages at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral this week at both of which Rev. Father Nicolaye officiated. Thomas McConnell and Miss Martha Fenning were married on Tuesday. The second was on Wednesday when George Finland and Miss Katie Finnerty were joined in wedlock. Both of the couples will reside in Victoria.

—Mr. L. G. McPhillips, Q.C., barrister, of Vancouver, B. C., left for home last night. While here he urged the government to appoint an additional supreme court judge for the province, but was informed that this could not be done until the Provincial Legislature had passed an act creating a new judicial district and providing that the supreme court shall consist of six judges instead of five. Mr. McPhillips thought that some way could be found to get over the difficulty without provincial legislation.—Ottawa Free Press.

The Chinese Question.

Ald. McKillican has posted a notice on the city hall bulletin board to rescind a part of the resolution passed by the city council prohibiting Chinese labor on corporation contracts or the use of Chinese manufactured material. The portion of this resolution which Ald. McKillican desires rescinded refers to the material.

The Teachers Organized.

There was a well attended meeting of public school teachers at the Y. M. C. A. parlors yesterday afternoon. Over 30 signed the roll, and it is believed that every teacher in the district will join. Mr. Netherby, of the boys' high school, acted as chairman and Mr. Pineo of the high school, secretary. It was decided to organize a permanent society and to hold monthly meetings.

Will Complete the Drill Shed.

Tenders for the construction of the floors, rifle racks and lockers in the new drill shed of the B. C. B. G. A. have been called for and will be received up to Thursday, Sept. 21st, at noon, by F. C. Gamble, resident engineer of the department of public works. The militiamen will be pleased to hear that the completion of the drill shed is to be hurried forward, as they are anxious to occupy it.

Assaulted the Steward.

James Barrington, once a pugilist and now a fireman on the steam schooner Thistle, was arrested this afternoon for assaulting the steward. They had some trouble and Barrington struck him. Captain Nickerson turned him over to Officer Smith who gave him into the charge of the provincial police. Barrington will be tried on Monday before Police Magistrate Macrae sitting as stipendiary magistrate. Barrington was first taken to the city police barracks but Chief Sheppard declined to receive him, his department having no jurisdiction over such cases.

Riding to Save a Life.

A Georgia newspaper gave an account of the heroism of John Potter, a ten year old boy who rode a horse twelve miles to Macon for the purpose of calling a physician to attend his mother, who was believed to be dying with colic. The doctor could not be found, but the kind druggist gave the boy a bottle of medicine and ordered him to hurry home. The brave lad hurried home, delivered the medicine and then fainted from nervous exhaustion. The medicine cured the sick woman, and the boy is well. It is only necessary to say that this precious medicine was Perry Davis' Pain Killer, which never fails to cure disorders of the stomach. 25c. old popular price for New Big Bottle.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

Millinery Opening

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th, and Following Days.

The Newest Paris, London and New York Styles.

The Stock of Untrimmed Walking Hats and Trimming Materials has been very carefully selected and Prices will be found moderate.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

THE MARY TAYLOR HOME.

She Had a Very Successful Season, Killing 1100 Seals.

The sealing schooner Mary Taylor, Captain Edward Shields, arrived home from her sealing cruise early this morning. She had a very fair season, taking 1,100 sealskins. She cruised on this side early in the season and then crossed with the rest of the fleet to the Russian side. She did fairly well over there too. Before reaching Sand Point on the way north this spring Captain Shields was assaulted by two of his crew. One of the men was discharged at Sand Point, the facts being then stated in the Times. It is not known whether any thing more will be heard of the case. Capt. Shields heard of the different seizures which have already been reported, but is not in possession of any definite information.

The Mary Taylor is owned by William Munsie. She will discharge what skins she has obtained to-day.

A PECULIAR DEATH.

Ralph Starratt, a Sealer Dies Suddenly at the Occidental.

Ralph Starratt, a hunter on the sealing schooner Brenda, died very suddenly at the Occidental hotel at 2 o'clock this morning. The attendant circumstances were such that at first foul play was suspected but a searching investigation dissipated all suspicion. Starratt did not room at the Occidental but went there last evening to spend the night with John Pequillon, the steward of the house, who is a friend of his. They occupied a room on the lower floor just off the office. At 2 o'clock Mr. Berryman, brother of the proprietor, and the night clerk, were attracted by a noise like a man breathing hard or choking as they express it. They broke open the door and got in just in time to hear two or three deep gasps issue from the lips of Starratt and see him struggle slightly in the throes of death. Pequillon was aroused from deep slumber to find his friend dead. The case was immediately reported to the police and Sergeant John Walker and Constable Colin Campbell went to work on P. Ritter & Co., agents for the Brenda, and when a search of his person and room failed to reveal any of the money they were suspicious. However later in the morning they found where he had made deposits of the larger portion of it and where the rest had been paid out. It was also learned that the man had been sick during the entire voyage and did but little work.

There will, however, be an autopsy and an inquest on Monday. Starratt was about 30 years of age and a native of Nova Scotia where he now has relatives living. The body is at Lockhart's undertaking parlors, from which it will be buried probably Monday afternoon.

Captain Not to Blame.

A council of the Board of Trade was held this morning to discuss the failure to land freight by the steamer Warrimoo. Since the last meeting the captain had been in the city, and the president said the captain's story put a different light on the subject. The general feeling was that the captain was not responsible for the carrying of the freight past Victoria. The secretary was instructed to embody in the letter to Mr. Huddart a clause stating that the board did not think the captain was to blame.

Sir William Wallace and Mackenzie.

Last evening the Sir William Wallace Society held their usual weekly popular social meeting. The entertainment was more than usually entertaining and instructive. A reading and lecture was given by J. C. Jameson, in which the brave deeds of the Highlanders at the battle of Alma, under Sir Colin Campbell, were depicted in suitable terms. The plan of the battlefield and the position of the three Highland regiments—42nd, 79th and 93rd—were shown on a blackboard. It was stated that although there were only about 1,500 Highlanders they routed the opposing Russian battalions, numbering over 15,000. Immediately after the reading the society's piper struck up one of the grand Highland marches that have so often cheered Highland regiments and led them on to victory. Arrangements were made to have the concert intended to assist in defraying the expense of the Sir Alexander Mackenzie portrait to take place in the Institute hall, View street, on Thursday evening, 21st inst. The committee of management is to meet this evening to complete the programme.

Store to Rent

Corner of Fort and Blanchard streets. Apply to Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

Broken Away

We have "broken away" from other Manufacturers in our

Master Mechanic's Extraordinary

And have produced the best thing for mechanic's use known. Their skin is as white and smooth as anybody's after one application.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL.

2480 Pairs Guaranteed Kid Gloves Per Express

The Ladies of Victoria will be pleased to know that we are in receipt of a large shipment of our Celebrated Kid Gloves—Every pair guaranteed. Although there has been a considerable advance in price by the manufacturers, we will continue to sell them at $1.25 per pair, in plain and embroidered backs. A beautiful, soft Kid Glove, equal to the best $1.50 glove sold in the city.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to

H. M. YATES,
Secretary.

P. O. Box 551, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.
Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893.
a31-1m (Colonist copy.)

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—L L'Arguello and wife, Miss N E Sullivan, Miss H Sullivan, Mrs J Lister, Mrs Ellsom and two daughters, G A Knight and wife, Jno McDonald, A P Kelley, J H Craig, L H Norther, Chas Rimmer, L Barnes, T W Harvey, Capt Ettershanks and wife, Jas Gould, F F Hilder, Jos Brown, E Milne, Miss Means, Miss Adams, Co Dalton, Col Allsopp, Geo Anderson, Bva B Bell, J M Elliott, J McCalh, Thos Weber, C A Grize, Mrs Lobody, H Schmidt, W F Grug and wife, C Anderson, Jno Wilmer, F H Metcalfe, Wm Ruthdale, W E George, Wm Rinney.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Geo Hendry, Jas Devine, G R Mathews, G R Raymond, E Mallin, A M Mallin, L H Wyld, T K Muir, H B Hamilton, Marwick, A J Armstrong, J L Payne, J A Clark, F C Cotton, R Russell, P J Morenthal, R Brown, Mrs Wells, J J Meldahl, J Richards, Mrs E A Platt, H B Bouston, Capt McCallum, Mrs Rawell, Mrs Raymond, F J Coathard, H P Clinton, E M N Wood, D McGillvary, F Herbert, J Eisenbach, A Campbell, D W Ferguson, J S Clute, F E Sparks, E C S Whitmore, Mrs H Dunlap, Dr McNulty, Dr McKenzie, C W Hansen, Miss Richards, Mrs Sparks, Wm Wyld, H Jorand, Thos Hanson, E Maxwell, H Leonard, Master Ferguson, J M Bowell, Mrs Ferguson, J M Bowell, Allen, F Morley, Jas Brown, Mrs McNulty, T Wells, Miss Parker, Miss Crossman.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—P McQuade & Son, Sehl H B Co, C T W Piper, E B Marvin & Co, T Sommers, Wilson Bros, G Vienna, J P Sarondis, J H Todd & Son, Quintard & P, A Woodward, F Carne, D R Ross & Co, Vict Elec Co, T H Davies & Co, J Petersen, T F Moore.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—C A Carleton, D Spencer, Mrs Hadwin, E G Prior, Cavin Bros, Brackman & Ker, J H Baker, B Saunders, Felt & Co, J & A Clearihue, W J Sheriff, S Leiser, R P Rithet, Vale & Brooks, Agent C P R, Blair & Gordon, D Campbell, Johns Bros, Vic Plumbing Co, W J Dwyer, McL & McF, Dom Exp Co.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 28th August, 1893.
a29-td

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
a29-td

Pharmaceutical Association of British Columbia

EXAMINATIONS.

The Semi-Annual Examination for diploma as Licentiate of Pharmacy will take place on the 3rd and 4th days of October, 1893.

All intending candidates must notify the Registrar on or before Sept. 19th, two weeks before the examination.

Candidates for registration on Diplomas from other Associations must deposit same with the Registrar before Sept. 17th.

Further particulars may be had from

CHARLES NELSON,
Sec.-Registrar.

P.O. Box 58, Vancouver, B.C.

Steam to LIVERPOOL Direct.

The British Steamship "GRANDHOLM"

MASSON, MASTER.

Will load on Fraser River and at Victoria during September for Liverpool direct and will have quick despatch. The bulk of cargo is engaged, but a limited quantity of space is available. Applications for freight room must be made to the charterers,

ROBERT WARD & CO., LT'D LB'Y,

Offices Temple building, Fort st., Victoria.
Sept 5, 1t

SPECTACLE WEARERS

Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS

In British Columbia.

F. W. Nolte & Co.

37 Fort Street.

Rifle cartridges, loaded shot shells at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street. *

ANCIENT HOME OF BURNS.

A Scottish Gipsy Camp in Lovely Annandale.

PICTURESQUE SCENES AND GROUPINGS

An Outcast Gipsy Prince Becomes Our Correspondent's Companion in a Visit to the Olden Home of a Scottish Patriot King.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Lockerbie, Scotland, Sept. 1, 1893.—Tramping over the hills which separate the land of Burns in Dumfriesshire from the Land of Burns in Ayrshire, on a vague and indolent sort of pilgrimage to the birthplace of Carlyle in Annandale, I came upon a little band of Scottish Gipsies, among whom were some old and prized acquaintances. I found them in the nest-like hollow of a winsome brae beside the winding Annan river. They were between Jardine Hall and the ancient chieftan, Applegarth, where Edward I., on his way to the siege of Caerlaverock, made oblations at the altars of St. Nicholas and Thomas a Becket, in the once noted but now extinct Applegarth church; and I could see, as I was tramping southward along the great turnpike road from Carlisle to Glasgow, the hoods of their tents and their "whummeled" or upturned carts in ragged outline against the blue sheen of the gentle river below.

My impulse was to press on to Lochmaben or Lockerbie for the night; but there is, I fear, that taint of Gipsy blood within me that ever draws me irresistibly to this vagabond, outcast race. I resolutely turned my face to the south. After a time I halted. A tiny coppiced hillock had hid the brown tents. Where I stopped the road wound with the river bank. I looked back along the brae. I saw now the camp fires; the pots hanging from the kettle-sticks; the bairns romping among the donkeys and dogs; some men stretched lazily upon the sward; and swarthy women crooning over their gossip together. This banished my resolution; all my own vagabond sentiment for the life of the tent and the road swept in upon my heart like a tide of home-coming cheer. In a moment more I was being hugged, actually hugged! by a score of Gipsies, men and women; receiving royal greetings of welcome; and soothing as best I could shrill reproaches for having had the thought to pass them by. And I set this down in simple recital, for it led to my being conducted by a Scottish Gipsy prince to the ancient home of a Scottish patriot king whose ancestral habitation was here in the very heart of beauteous Annandale.

Between Eskdale on the east and Nithsdale on the west lies this sweet and pastoral Annandale. Though not among the most noted, yet it is still among the most lovely valleys of the Scottish border. To the leisurely and sentimental pilgrim tarrying among its pleasing scenes it appeals with goodly fascination. It is but a tiny vale; 30 miles long; the river Annan, from which it has its name, having its source in the Hartfell mountains, and winding with gentle flow through and between characteristic Scottish villages, its banks dotted with humble crofts, larger farmsteads, and all the langsyne features of Scottish country homes. Though the valley is accorded no special fame among the Scottish people themselves, and is scarcely ever visited by tourists, to me it seems that in a few particulars it possesses extraordinary interest.

Within the distance of one day's tramp across five parishes through which winds the gentle Annan, can be seen one of the most ancient, and certainly the most historic, castle ruins of Scotland, the first home in Scotland of Robert the Bruce, at Lochmaben; the birthplace at Annan of the greatest and most unfortunate of all Scottish preachers, Edward Irving; the wonderful phenomena of the tides of the Solway Firth, which are perhaps better observed from the great Annan viaduct connecting England with Scotland than at any other spot along the Solway shores; and the birthplace and burial place of the one philosopher, critic and essayist who has undoubtedly left a deeper impression upon intellectual minds in Great Britain and America than any other individual who ever adorned and perplexed this country—crabbed, crafty, mighty and glorious old Thomas Carlyle.

It was in the middle of the afternoon when I found my Gipsy friends. Many of the band were absent. Those who remained were chiefly old man left to mind the camp and pother at all manner of tinkering at broken donkey carts, donkey gear that required mending, and pans, pot and kettles which were being renewed in true tinsmith style for peasant housewives round about; many young chauvies (Gipsy children) at all sorts of children's rustic games, fairly dressed and roysteringly happy; and the gaunt old spaewives, too far advanced in years for the labors and artifices of the road, who still always serve to hold the reins of good government in any Gipsy camp well in hand, while bravely preparing the evening meals against the younger wanderers' return.

During the interval I had leisure for examination of the picturesque camp and time for learning much of the ways and annual journeyings of this simple community of Scottish Gipsies. There were twelve tents and half a dozen "whummeled" carts. The whummeling of a Scottish or northern Gipsy cart means the turning of the same upside down. This, with the addition of a blanket or some fir branches, makes a capital roof under which to pass a summer night. Altogether there was accommodation for from two to three score Gipsies. The hollow brae chosen for the camp always had its patch of sunlight, which Gipsies dearly love. Larch, fir, and a few fine ash trees were at either side; and the purling river, convenient for campside needs for men and beasts, from which a luscious fish could occasionally be legally taken, as their camping place was duly rented from the laird of the manor, was almost at their feet.

Here were representatives of all the Scottish Gipsy families of note—the Dunbars, Faas or Falls, Baileys, Boswells and Blythes; most of them descendants from Clydesdale and Yetholm Gipsies whose progenitors figured, if not in the history, in the ballad and romantic literature of Scotland. They were all originally potters, packers and tinkers. Their olden capital city was the now deserted village of Yetholm, by Bowmont side, where the Teviot Hills shut out from Scotland's view the wild Northumberland moors and the hated field of Flodden. In olden times they made much of the rude delft ware used by the Scottish peasantry. They still journey into Staffordshire, England, over the old Liverpool, Carlisle and Glasgow coach road, dealing in the cheaper and "faulty" porcelains, and occasionally trading with the gentry in "Mintons" and "Wedgewoods." Now they have their winter homes in Dumfries, Annan, Lockerbie and Glasgow; and before the snowdrops fade from the roadsides and braes are back here in their old haunts. The men trade and dicker at the horse and cattle fairs, some pursuing their olden calling at tinkering and osier work; while the women sell willow ware and trinkets and dukker (tell fortunes) among the guidwives and lassies of the Scottish peasantry.

Wanderer that I am, it was like a delicious home-coming to see the genuine Gipsy belongings that were here. There were the rude forges that could be slung under the creaking carts. There innumerable odds and ends of the real tinker's craft. There the camp fires, which low as they may smoulder, are never allowed to wholly go out, because they represent a lingering loyal trace of olden Aryan fire worship. There crouching by tent, or cart, or fire, or on haunches at the camp entrance, as if sentineling the glad eventide return of absent masters, were the brave, loyal, gaunt and voiceless Gipsy dogs. Here and there were the kettle-sticks—not the stage tripods which burlesque Gipsy reality—but the strong, sacredly prized, crooked iron kettle-sticks—with their sizzling pots beneath. While here and there, but always facing each other, with the fires between, were the real tents of the Romany; hoods rather than tents; woolen blankets, like our grandmothers' stout old sheets, stretched over bows of ash and fastened with polished oaken skewers; all so snug and strong that no ordinary storm can wreck these tiny Gipsy homes.

By and by as the shadows lengthened the camp gradually began to awaken with returning life. The fires which had smouldered the day through were renewed by the now bustling old Gipsy women, and pots and kettles sung merrily of good things to come. Gipsy men and women began coming into camp from all directions, and nearly all came singly or in groups to the tent I had been allotted to emphasize the welcome I had been given as the "Gorgio Chal" (the non-Gipsy friend to the Gipsy) who was already known for his wanderings with their "brothers and sisters" in that far-off wonderland, America. Nearly all brought trophies of the day's outing. Women who had been among the outlying farms were laden with poultry, butter, eggs and cheese, knots of homespun yarn, and many an article representing hours of toil, which had been exchanged for a bit of gibberish and a "fortune."

While the camp was thus renewing its eventide life and activity, a little commotion near the roadside attracted my attention. Gipsy men and women seemed disputing excitedly. On going to the group I found a rough-looking fellow being pulled towards the camp by some, while others were endeavoring to force him back towards the highway. Earnest were the protestations for hospitable treatment and shrill were the denunciations and protests. The man's face was familiar to me; but a shaggy beard and an unusually woe-begone and hang-dog apparance for the moment prevented recognition; looking at me appealingly, and at the same moment one of the Gipsy women screamed at him: "Ye're na prince o' the Nokkums (provincial Yetholm Romany for Gipsies). Ye're gang t' the deil a' t'gither!" I knew him then. It was Prince Robert, by royal right king of all the Scottish Gipsies, but so hopeless a tramp and vagabond that he had become a permanent outcast of this outcast Romany race. The women were the most implacable; but I carried white coin and kind words among them, and soon had Prince Robert's admittance to the camp assured. Then I made him wash in the river; got some presentable Gipsy wear upon him; saw that he was shorn and shaven by his own hands; and brought him, a penitent and comfortable, if not an altogether welcome, guest to our Annanside evening meal.

On the morning of the second day I left my Gipsy friends by Annanside with vagabond Prince Robert for a companion. Some discourse among the Romany crew touching upon Scottish Gipsy family lines and their antiquity prompted the remark from an old spaewife that outcast Prince Robert's blood had the strain of the Bruces in it through his mother, Esther Faa Blythe Rutherford, late queen of all the Scottish Gipsies.

"Then ye micht weel gae t' your forbear's, King Robert's auld castle hame at Lochmaben, and tak' arles (pledge) t' mind your ways, or ye'll na ha' straedeath (a natural death) at t' eend!" tauntingly replied another.

The whim seized Prince Robert to do it. I had never seen the old castle ruins, and it easily came about that we should go together; and we departed after many solemn adjurations from the Gipsies that I should refuse all pleadings of Prince Robert for liquor, or, in the event of yielding to his certain demands for drink, I should see him "weel lockit or weel lockit in Lochmaben gaol," rather than permit him to return to the Annanside camp.

Less than an hour's walk brought us to the ancient royal burgh town of Lochmaben, beautifully situated on the shores of one of the nine tiny connecting lakes of the same name. Prince Robert told me that the name was Gaelic and meant lake of the fair women; and when I asked him how he came to know a Gaelic signification, he said with a shrug of his fine, ruffianly shoulders, "Oh, I ken'd it fra t' ceilidh," which means auld wives' gossiping. But "the white clear lake" is nearer the true Gaelic. The silence of decay is upon ancient Lochmaben burgh. Two long, straggling, silent streets intersect each other at a huge, plain, crumbling market cross. It is a burgh of quaint old granite homes, with thatched roofs, inhabited by quaint old granite-faced Scotch folk. Great square houses, great square doors, and great square windows with great square blanched faces in them, tell the story of olden opulence, older border prowess and present indolence and decay. The place was once full of hand looms and thrift. To-day so deserted and lifeless seems the burgh that your own footfall on its ragged and uneven stone impels you onward with an almost startled sense of fear.

About a mile from the ancient town, on a tongue-shaped peninsula which extends into the lake called the Castle loch, we found the ruins of the grandest fortress the borders ever knew. The lake upon the shores of which the ruins stand, as well as all others of the pretty group, have low, sedgy shores. In these are found the vendace fishes, from five to six inches in length, nowhere else discoverable in Great Britain, of a brilliant silvery appearance, and in anatomy and flavor much resembling those famous American ciscoes which in June attract such hosts of anglers to the shores of Lake Geneva, in Wisconsin. They are the most delicate fish known to the British gourmand. Their heads are extraordinarily marked in a puce-colored, transparent substance, with the perfectly defined figure of a heart, through which, when freshly caught, the brain may easily be seen. Prince Robert disclosed a curious bit of superstitious folk-lore, concerning this heart-shaped figure in the head of the vendace. Every one remembers the pious pilgrimage of James Douglas with the heart of the dead king in an effort to reach Jerusalem that the precious relic might be buried in the Holy City; and that, after the tragic death of Douglas and his friends, Sinclair and Logan, the silver casket containing the King's heart was recovered and given sepulture in Melrose Abbey. There is a lingering belief with the superstitious among the Annandale peasantry that the figure of the heart in the head of the vendace fish of Lochmaben is of miraculous origin, to perpetuate the pious act of King Robert the Bruce and the heroism of his loyal friends.

Along the haughs and moss-banks of the lochs the deadly adder lurks; and the peasantry will tell you that these dreadful reptiles are kept down by their implacable foes, the herons, which are certainly continually seen dodging in and out among, and hovering over, the surrounding reeds and mosses. Whether or not it was the original residence of the Bruces, granted by David I. in 1124, or an enlarged successor built in the thirteenth century, it covered 16 acres of ground, and is known to have been absolutely impregnable before the invention of gunpowder. It was a stupendous and magnificent pile, and the care and perfection with which it was built attested in the immense walls still traceable, and in the fact that though its masonry has been exposed to the elements for 600 years, one will to-day as often break the stone itself as separate by strokes of sledgehammer the stone and mortar with which the walls were constructed.

A mighty host of reflections and historic memories crowd upon the onlooker here. For not only has the fiercest of border battles raged round about the castle's once mighty walls, but it was on this very spot the compact between the two claimants for the Scottish crown, which led to Scotland's eventual greatness, was made. It was to this spot Bruce came in his flight for his life from Edward's court. And it was from here after Red Comyn's perfidy was discovered that he fled to Dumfries to avenge that treachery with Comyn's life, before the very altar of ancient Grey Friars church. Then came his coronation at Scone; his first defeats; almost the extinction of his family; his own wanderings and skulkings like a beast of the forest; his brilliant recovery of his patrimonial castle here; and then all the glorious victories from Glenesk past Bannockburn to Invorury and Scotia's long-time splendor, power and peace.

It seems unfortunate that so noble a ruin could not have been given better care and preservation. One-half of the structures in Lochmaben have been built from the material in the majestic stone pile. Cow-houses and byre-walls for half a dozen miles in every direction disclose the source from which their material was ravaged in protruding moulding, splendid ashlar work or grinning gargoyles. It is said that a citizen of the burgh warms his shins at the identical pair of jambs which once rested on the paternal hearth of Bruce, and the old key to the outer gate of the splendid pile, in which had been nurtured the proudest line of Scottish patriot kings, on being discovered a half-century since by the leaden-headed minds of the district, was regarded as such an antiquarian prize, as it weighed several pounds, that it was at once turned over to the Lochmaben blacksmith for conversion into a pair of utilitarian turf-spades!

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

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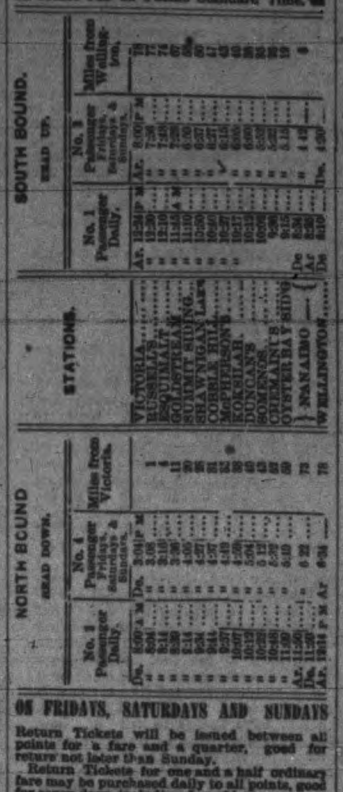

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For Pender and Mornsby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

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1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	36	Lv	11 45	pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	... Victoria ...	M1	Lv	8 30	pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	M1			A		
11 00 pm	Lv	26	... Seattle ...	82	Ar	"	pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	Port Madison	67	Lv	2 10	pm
	Lv	45	... Kingston ...	67	Lv	"	
3 00 am	Lv	69	Port Gamble	21	Lv	11 00	am
4 00 am	Lv	73	Port Ludlow	13	Lv	10 00	am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M1	Lv	8 00	am

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VERNON AND VICINITY.

The Week's News Throughout the Great Okanagan Country.

(Vernon News.)

R. J. Spalding was killed in the Kalamalka hotel on Friday night by a fall over the stairs. He was a native of Scotland, aged 38.

Mr. Burnyeat returned on Saturday from Penticton, where he was doing some survey work for Mr. Ellis and Capt. Shorts in connection with their mine at the lower end of the lake. Mr. Burnyeat also took bearings to make estimate of the cost of building a bridge over the river at Okanagan Falls.

His Grace the Archduke of Austria passed through Vernon on Monday with a suite of twelve others travelling with him in his private car. They went by boat to Penticton, where they purposed having a few days' hunting. Mr. Abbott, Jr., went to Penticton on Saturday last to make arrangements for the reception of the Archduke of Austria and his suite.

J. McKay, Indian agent at Kamloops, is shortly to be removed to Victoria, as he has received a notice of that promotion. We have not learned who will be left in Mr. McKay's place to look after the fishery interests of the district, but Mr. McKay jocularly remarks that it is to be hoped that some one will look after the fish in a manner to allay the solicitude of the News, which he good-naturedly credits with driving him out of the upper country with its strictures on the fish question.

Constable Norris is on the warpath to prevent illicit fishing of salmon. The practice of the Siwashes in putting fish traps in the streams and preventing the salmon from reaching their spawning grounds has done incalculable injury in the past, but Constable Norris is determined to come down on them flat-footed and make them come up to the requirements of the law for the protection of fish and game. A short time ago he tore up a fish trap on the Spallumcheen at Fortune's reserve which the Spallumcheen Indians had constructed there. This trap was about 200 feet in length and constructed at great labor and cost, but it was well calculated to enable them to dip out of the trap wagon loads of salmon in a few hours. The Indians kicked hard against the destruction of it, and threatened to rebuild it after harvest, but if they do they will find themselves in jail here sure. It was reported that the Salmon River Indians and those of the Shuswap also had traps in the streams, and diligent search is being made to find them if such be the case. A careful examination of the Salmon river for a considerable distance up and down from the point where it was said the trap existed failed to disclose any. Some encampments of Indians were found on the river, where they were spearing salmon, and these were given to understand that spearing, too, was against the law during the spawning season. Diligent outlook will be kept for fish traps and other infractions of the law, and Siwashes will have to look out for squalls if the persist after being warned.

MID ROCKS AND SNOW.

American Boundary Surveyors Tell About Their Northern Labors.

The United States coast survey who assisted in the work of surveying the Alaska-British Columbia boundary, arrived in Seattle last Wednesday night, says the Post-Intelligencer. The party of officers at the Rainier is made up as follows: O. H. Tittmann, chief of the American party working on the Stickeen river; J. E. McGrath, who has worked two years on the Yukon and was in charge of one of the American parties on the Taku river; Herbert G. Ogden, in charge of one party on the Taku river; E. F. Dickens, in charge of the American party on the Unuk river; W. C. Hodgkins, American representative in the Canadian party under Col. Ogilvie; Fremont Morse, astronomer at Sitka; H. C. Lord, astronomer on board the Hassler; P. A. Walker, American representative with the Canadian party under Mr. McArthur; Homer P. Ritter, American representative with the Canadian party under Mr. Brabazon; J. A. Flemer, American representative in the Canadian party under Mr. Talbott; O. B. French, astronomer with Mr. Ogden's party; S. B. Tinsley, assistant to Mr. Ogden; F. A. Young, assistant to Mr. McGrath; A. L. Baldwin, assistant to Mr. Tittmann.

Mr. Tittmann, chief of the Stickeen river party, was seen at the Rainier hotel last night and asked to tell what the company had accomplished. He replied:

"It was a joint survey of the Canadian and American governments and was for the purpose of collecting information for the commissioners to enable them to make a report on the boundary between Alaska and British Columbia. The country traversed was of course terra incognita, and the object of the expedition this year was to collect information for the two commissioners who were appointed by their respective governments. The party was successful in accomplishing the work it was sent out to do. The locality of the survey was between the Taku river on the north and Burrows Inlet or Unuk river on the south, a distance of about 200 miles. One feature of the work was the application of photography to the mapping out of the mountainous district. That was the manner in which the Canadian surveys were conducted and the method has not heretofore been applied in the United States, but has been successfully applied in Italy and in the summits of the mountains. The first question is, is there a summit to the lisbel? The treaty provides that the line shall not be more than ten marine leagues inland, and if the range extends further inland than this distance how is the line to be established? Many have the idea that there are monuments or something else on the ground to mark this boundary line, but this is a mistake. A survey was never made there before. My party devoted all its time to mapping and measuring, but parties which climbed the mountains encountered many great glaciers and many dangers, but no serious accidents occurred. During the early part of the season we encountered avalanches, snow slides, rock slides and great risks all the time. All climbed with alpen stocks, but had no guides and had to force their own way into a new territory.

"There never has been any line laid out there before and our efforts were to obtain information for mapping. In addition to this work astronomical observations were made and longitudes obtained with great care along the coast. It is quite impossible for any of us to say that the boundary line as laid down in the treaty is not correct. It cannot be decided until all the surveys have been collected and another season's work done.

"The river valley of the Stickeen is three miles wide and there are many channels with islands covered with cottonwood. These lands are arable but subject to overflow. The provisions for the Cassiar mining district are brought up the Stickeen river and its route is followed by the miners, but we met very few of them. Not a soul lives on the river for the first 60 miles I went. Indians go there in the spring of the year and hunt otter and beaver, but otherwise the river is deserted. We had a great deal of rain and cloudy weather, although the early part of the season was favorable to our operations as far as clearness of atmosphere is concerned, but there was heavy snow in the mountains.

"In many places we ran across inaccessible crags with great glaciers lying at the foot, and at the foot of the slopes near the water's edge the ground was covered with a growth of spruce and dense undergrowth as impenetrable as a tropical jungle. Everyone up there was struck with the rapidity with which the undergrowth sprung up and the resemblance to tropical vegetation."

W. C. Hodgkins told practically the same story, but in regard to his trip up various mountains he said:

"Our party climbed from 15 to 30 mountains each and got a number of photographic views from each. The mountains these average from 3000 to 5,000 feet, and the timber line as a general rule is about 2000 feet. The timber line, however, varies considerably, as in some places it is 1000 feet, while in others it is fully 2500 feet. There are many isolated peaks that run up as high as 7000 and 8000 feet and some of the party went up them.

"There are two general characteristics in the formations in the district of Taku. One is a slate formation carrying all minerals, and the other is granite. We saw considerable quartz, but it appeared to be barren. We saw miners' trails everywhere, and the place appears to have been pretty well prospected. Nearly all the creeks show colors, but apparently not in paying quantities.

"On any of the highest mountains we could see the water in the distance and get a good idea of the country lying between. It is a very barren and desolate looking region, as there is nothing but rocks and snow as far as you can see. We finished all the work assigned to us this season. It was too late to commence any new work for the rains will soon set in. Some of our party go to San Francisco to-morrow, while others will remain here a day or two before leaving for the East."

IT GIVES LIFE!

Dispels Suffering and Disease!

WOMAN'S TOWER OF SAFETY!

MRS. FANNY M. HUFF.

After years of suffering and anxiety, Mrs. Fanny M. Huff, of Salmon Point, Ont., is firmly convinced of the superiority of Paine's Celery Compound over all other forms of medicines. It established health after physicians had failed to secure the prize for her. Every woman in Canada who is suffering will save many days and weeks of agony if Paine's Celery Compound is used instead of the unknown dangerous drugs they are now using.

Mrs. Huff, for the benefit of women, writes thus:

"After receiving so much benefit from Paine's Celery Compound, I think it my duty to inform sufferers what this great medicine can do for all who wish to regain health and strength. I have been a sufferer for years from nervousness and weakness, and have had the advice and attendance of doctors with but little benefit. I was induced to use your Paine's Celery Compound some time ago, and I must confess it is the best medicine I ever used. Nothing else has done me so much good, and I now feel quite a different person.

I trust sufferers will not be influenced to use any other medicine while they can procure yours, which does such good work. I cannot speak strongly enough in favor of Paine's Celery Compound, and you may be assured I will always recommend it."

You are at liberty to publish this letter in your work."

England and Britain.

It is likely we shall go on saying England when we mean Great Britain. Those Scotchmen were right in protesting, but it will do no good. We are governed by convenience, and not by a strict regard for accuracy. It is easier to say or write England than Great Britain, and therefore we shall continue to do it. When we speak of Scotland, we say Scotland. But there should be no "English" government, for it is just as easy to say "British," and no one's sensitiveness would be disturbed. In the manner we shall go on to speak of the United States as America, and of its people as Americans. It is another case of convenience, with a bit of necessity added. "United States" is simply an impossible name when we come to speak of its citizens, and some other has to be found. We cannot call them Europeans or Africans, although largely both, and we fall back on the word American. It is to be remembered, in justice to the "American" people themselves, that the name was given them by the "English" almost two centuries ago. Over a century ago Lord Shelburne, speaking as foreign secretary, and from his place in parliament, referred to them as "Americans." From America to American is a short step. If, however, the American papers insist on restricting the use of the word "England," we shall have to ask them to find some other name than "American" for themselves. —Winnipeg Free Press, Aug. 1st.

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Langley & Co.

SUNLIGHT SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN BY SPECIAL ROYAL APPOINTMENT

A Wash Day AND No Steam IN THE House

AND the work so cut down that a young girl or delicate woman can do a family washing without being tired.

NO HEAVY BOILER TO LIFT

You Say: HOW?

BY USING

Sunlight SOAP

According to Easy Directions

Put aside your own ideas next wash-day and try the easy, clean, "SUNLIGHT" way.

DON'T Let another wash-day go by without trying it.

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA!
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA B.C.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
jy20 Agents for B.C.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Fan. dora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described tract of land: Commencing at post S. E. marked "W. D. Morgan," planted on the east shore of Read Island, opposite Rendezvous Islands, thence west 80 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence east to shore, thence along shore to point of commencement, containing 1000 acres more or less.

W. D. MORGAN.
Victoria, August 18, 1893. Aug 18-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber cutting license of Valdes Island, to cut and carry away timber from the following described land commencing at a post in Deep Water Bay and running southeast 40 chains more or less; thence northeast 40 chains, thence northwest 40 chains; thence southwest 40 chains to place of commencement.

THOMAS PETCH
August 11th, 1893. 81-1m

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, as mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Nicaragua, Nicaragua, Sept. 18.—The ...ent assembly held its first regu... on Saturday. Its first act ... issue a decree liberating all pol... prisoners. It then received from ...ta authority to conduct the gov... affairs of the republic. General ... was then formally elected presi... the republic and Gen. Oratt vice... ...ent. They will hold office, pro... they are not overthrown, for five ... when a new constitution will be ...ed. Peace prevails throughout the ...blic and there is every probability ... it will continue.

Montevideo, Sept. 18.—Uruguay has ...tracted with the Argentina mint to ... another million of silver dollars, ...ich are to be used to pay for the new ...rnament. Silver is now at a discount. ...he action of the government has caused an unfavorable impression in commercial circles. The majority of the Valparaiso shareholders of the Bank of Valparaiso and National Bank of Agriculture have agreed to the proposed consolidation. It is believed the discountenanced shareholders will organize an opposition bank.

City of Mexico, Sept. 18.—Throughout the republic the anniversary of the Mexican declaration of independence is being observed to-day with patriotic exercises. Of late years the Mexicans have copied after the Fourth of July celebrations in their sister republic, and parades, fireworks and patriotic meetings have taken the place of bull fights and similar exhibitions. There was a grand parade in this city this afternoon, the American residents being represented by ... and allegorical car containing twenty children robed in the stars and stripes. The city is beautifully decorated and triumphal arches span the principal streets.

THE LONDON & CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LT'D

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK $500,000 (WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO $1,000,000)

This Company having its Head Office in Victoria, is prepared to do a conservative business throughout the Province; and can accept risks, settle losses, etc., without reference elsewhere. Its business is already greater than any other Fire Insurance Company for the Province alone. FOR THE SECURITY OF THE INSURED it has deposited with the Provincial Government $20,000, and reinsures two-thirds of every Policy issued. Its funds are invested in this country, and it therefore deserves the patronage of British Columbians.

BRANCHES---Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Chilliwack and Vernon.

GENERAL AGENTS---THE BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED, VICTORIA, B. C. au25-1m

CONTINUOUS ADVERTISING

Pushing Business Everlastingly Through the Newspaper Columns.

WILL ENSURE CONTINUOUS PROSPERITY

Most Valuable Hints for the Smart Business Men of Victoria—The Road Mapped Out For Them to Follow.

Written for the Times by Nath'l. C. Fowler, Jr., Doctor of Publicity.

The Creator is the Deity of continuity. He did not build worlds on Monday, and stop work on Tuesday. He did not take a holiday on Thursday, and work the harder Friday to make up lost time. His work was of six periods. He stopped only when there was nothing to do. In each period was done the proportionate work of its time, perfect in itself, successful because it harmonized with the work before and afterwards.

No man can raise live stock by feeding it one day and starving it the next.

Jagged, indeed, must be the education of the boy who skips his mathematical lessons every other month.

Perhaps the automatic bookkeeper can finish his entries, close his ledger, never to re-open the past, except for reference. Desk-sitting bookkeepers are not men of business.

The business man who pulls down the top of his roller desk, with everything done and nothing to be continued, has no business to be in business, because his so-called business isn't business.

"To be continued" is the motto of trade.

"Never to be finished" is the rule of progressive business.

Heaven is the home of the man who stops.

This world is made for workers, that there may not be shirkers in the "Continuous By and By."

"Always at it" is the trademark of business.

The man who is in stock to-day and out of stock to-morrow, is apt to be out of business the next day.

Advertising has two distinct values. First, the initial presentation of something, accompanied by argument. Second, the continuation of that argument.

Mighty few people anywhere answer an advertisement the first time they see it, unless it be of a special bargain, or of some illegitimate article of trade.

One can advertise a cheap chromo and secure a value from the very first advertisement. These are advertisements of the "sufficient-unto-the-day" and "insufficient to-morrow" class.

The good advertisements of good business has more value collectively than individually; that is, its value consists, not in one appearance of itself, but in that appearance in continuation of former appearances, and in the certainty of subsequent appearances.

Allow me to give a personal reminiscence. I don't deal in advertising, yet publicity is my profession. I should know something about it. I ought not to be as much influenced by advertising as the man who has never studied it, for familiarity with anything sometimes destroys appreciation. Before me for consideration was the advertisement of the Blank Company. I did not know much about it. When I really needed insurance, I put on my hat, left the office of my business and took out a policy. I went to that office because the advertisement I had been reading had not appreciably changed my opinion of the company. Many advertisements I read at the time, and then forgot them. Instances of years ago, of particular ease, of saving money, of years to come, of years to make money, all. Advertisements the next day want, advertisements in paper is the issue of the either buy me

exceptions where men thinking his way have succeeded.

It is safer to follow the law of general averages than to be guided by the rule of exceptions.

The following advertisements illustrate continuous advertising. I have attempted to show advertisements of a general character, which can be easily adapted to almost any line of local trade. The advertiser will add the necessary words of description. All of these examples need many times the space they occupy to show to advantage.

Something You Want TO-DAY

.....

.....

.....

This advertisement illustrates a series. The word "to-day" can be changed to "now," or to the day of the week "to-morrow," with the advantage of variation. Description of articles advertised should accompany the advertisement.

Know All Women In Victoria

That we have the only Hose Supporters good for anything.

The next day it might be well to print "Know all Men," and follow the heading with this line: "That the cheapest place for your wife to buy the children's clothing is at....."

RUGS RUGS RUGS RUGS RUGS RUGS
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RUGS RUGS RUGS RUGS RUGS RUGS

Rugs

The rug we have for a dollar sold last week for two dollars, and the rug we sell for two dollars we used to sell for four dollars. Somebody was hard up. We bought at he had for less than it cost him. We're going to sell it for more than we paid for it, but a good deal less than anybody else can sell it for, and for much less than the maker can sell it for. The other fellow's loss is your gain.

SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP
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SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP
SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP SOAP

This advertisement illustrates the effect of a repetition of words, which acts as a sort of tint, throwing the advertisement into strong relief. The word "Rugs" can be changed to any other article.

Something for MONDAY

We have just received 500 dozen (here add description of what you have received.

This advertisement illustrates a series. Repeat for a week a new day each time.

BARGAIN No. 1.

Saturday, Sept. 16

(Give description of some particular Bargain, and continue this advertisement by similar ones, changing the name of the day.)

True Philanthropy.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to those full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE TURF.

WON EVERYTHING.

Victoria horses won every race at the British Columbia Jockey Club's meeting at Vancouver yesterday afternoon. The three-quarter mile dash between Murphy and Mayflower of Victoria and Ripton of Vancouver was won by Murphy. Ripton got a long lead, but the two Victorians soon closed up the gap and passed him. Coming into the stretch Mayflower had her nose in front, but she could not keep it there and Murphy won by a head.

Mayflower won the half mile and repeat from Ripper and Harry in 59 and 56 1-2.

Jack Simcoe won three straight heats from Maud Belle and Howard W. in 2:51, 2:55 and 2:53.

LAMPLIGHTER READY.

New York, Sept. 15.—President Walbough, of the Hudson County Jockey club, has offered to match his Lamplighter to run a race of a mile and a quarter against Marcus Daly's Tammany for $2500 a side and $5000 added money.

BILLIARDS.

THE ENGLISH CHAMPION.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—John Roberts, the champion English billiard player, has arrived here from Toronto. He is to play a match of 6,000 points with Frank C. Ives, champion of the world, at fourteen-inch, balk line billiards next week at the Central Music Hall. The game is to be played on a six by twelve table restricted to English rules. The two champions met in the afternoon at the Imperial billiard hall on Clark street to settle preliminaries. This was quickly done. Henry Rhiles, who has refereed every important match in Chicago for years, was suggested by Charles Parker as referee and Charles Matthews for marker. They were both readily accepted by Mr. Roberts. It was agreed that the right to call for new balls at any time during the game should be decided by the referee. Arrangements about balls and tables to be used were talked over and speedily settled.

FOOTBALL.

JUNIOR TEAMS.

The James Bay junior football team reorganized for the season last evening. The officers are: Captain, A. C. Anderson; secretary-treasurer, H. A. Holmes; committees, F. Smith, R. C. Trimen, D. Mowat and W. Wrigglesworth. The first practice will be held on Oct. 7th.

The Sunflowers have also reorganized with R. N. Johnston as captain; Frank Hutcheson, secretary-treasurer; and a committee composed of Messrs. Byers, Marshall and E. P. Johnston.

AQUATIC.

INVITED TO WESTMINSTER.

An invitation has been received by the Victoria Canoe Club to attend the regatta at Westminster on the 27th inst. The programme is: Tandem, one mile; single paddle, half mile; Indian, two paddle; Indian, eleven paddle, and sailing race. The trophies aggregate in value about $150.

CANOE CLUB REGATTA.

Several paddling and sailing races will take place on the harbor next Saturday under the auspices of the Victoria Canoe Club. The Indian war canoe race between the J. B. A. A. and V. C. C. will be paddled.

YACHTING.

THE BRITANNIA WON.

London, Sept. 16, 11 a.m.—A dispatch from Cherbourg states that the yachts racing for the Cape May Cup arrived off that port about 5 o'clock this morning. The Britannia was nine miles ahead of the Navahoe at 10 o'clock this morning.

12.30 p.m.—A dispatch from Cherbourg says the Britannia passed out at the eastern end of the breakwater at 5.20 a.m., and shaped her course for home. She was followed 30 minutes later by the Navahoe. The statement that the Britannia was nine miles ahead was erroneous.

3 p.m.—The Britannia has won the race. The Navahoe is not yet in sight.

The Britannia finished at 12:58:40. The Navahoe crossed the line at 1:34:50.

NOT THE VALKYRIE.

New York, Sept. 16.—The report published this morning that the Valkyrie had been spoken off Fire Island by a pilot boat has proved untrue. It is generally felt that there is no reason for anxiety if the yacht should not come for several days yet.

THE RACE TO PORT ANGELES.

The yachts Volage, Petrel, Victoria, Fawn, Scud, Minerva and Viking left at 2 o'clock to race to Port Angeles. There was a stiff breeze from the west and the prospects were good for a fine race across the straits. The winner will receive the corporation cup offered by the City of Port Angeles.

DUNRAVEN'S PARTY.

London, Sept. 15.—The Earl of Dunraven, owner of the Valkyrie, will sail on the Campania, from Liverpool for New York, to-morrow. Among those who will go with him to New York to see the race between the Valkyrie and the Vigilant for the America's cup, will be the Countess of Dunraven, Lady Aileen Quinn, Lady Rachel Quinn, Lord Ormonde, vice-president of the Royal Yacht squadron, Lord Wolverton, Mr. Langrische and Arthur Paget, members of the Royal Yacht squadron, and Charles Ker, the Earl of Dunraven's cousin by marriage.

LACROSSE.

THE VICTORIA MEN.

President Ellis received a telegram from Toronto this morning announcing the names of the men who played on the two teams this afternoon. They are: Ketchum, Cheyne, Belfry, C. Cullin, Campbell, Ditchburn, Blight, Tite, F. Cullin, Macnaughton, Eckardt and Morton.

Toronto—Davis, Carmichael, Douglas, Gale, Campbell, Keith, Cross, Burns, Lennox and Draper.

Victoria won the first two games at Toronto this afternoon. The first lasted 29 minutes and the second 9 minutes. Toronto won the third game in 11 minutes, Victoria the fourth in 20 minutes, Toronto the fifth, no time; Victoria 6th, no time.

Toronto, Sept. 15.—The Victoria team expect a hard game to-morrow, as Toronto is turning out a strong twelve. It is doubtful if Macnaughton can play; he was badly shaken in the Montreal match, and Frost had a bone broken in his hand and cannot play. The match has been arranged with the Capitals for the 20th.

Ottawa, Sept. 15.—The Exhibition Association readily jumped at a chance of securing the Capitals and Victorias to play on the fair grounds on Tuesday, the 26th, after the form shown by the Victorias against Montreal.

Oft in the stilly night,
When Cholera Morbus found me,
"Pain Killer" fixed me right,
Nor wakened those around me.

Most OLD PEOPLE are friends of

Perry Davis'

PAIN KILLER

and often its very best friends, because for many years they have found it a friend in need. It is the best Family Remedy for Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Toothache. To get rid of any such pains before they become aches, use PAIN KILLER.

Buy it right now. Keep it near you. Use it promptly.

For sale everywhere. IT KILLS PAIN.

PERSONAL.

J. S. Clute, inspector of customs, is in town.

F. C. Cotton, M.P.P., Vancouver, is in the city.

Andrew Keating and J. G. Tiarks went up to Koksilah this morning.

Robt. Porter, Jr., who recently underwent an operation for cancer in the side, is recovering.

R. C. Macdonald, of McDonald Bros., New Westminster, passed through Victoria on his way home from a pleasure trip to California.

Registered at the Hotel Dallas are: Lt. Col. T. C. Dalton, R. A., Lt. Col. Hon. R. Aisopp, England; Mrs Adams, Miss Means, Kentucky; F. H. Metcalf, Sacramento, Cal., R. B. Betton, Tientsin.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Sold by Langley & Co.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts.

Confidence is the Great

LINCH PIN

that holds you and me together in

Business Relations

When I take your money · I · give you a most satisfactory equivalent

WINTER UNDERWEAR

Reduced from

50c.	75c.	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50
to	to	to	to	to
25c.	50c.	75c.	$1.00	$1.00

Cameron, THE CASH CLOTHIER,

55 Johnson Street.

Notice---For Cash Only.

On and after September 15th, the Victoria West Coal Yard will sell Coal at the following rates.

Best Wellington (Screened) Coal, $7.00 per Ton. Best Slack Coal, $4.00.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

Telephone 212. VICTORIA WEST COAL YARD.

FOR CASH ONLY.

We the undersigned Coal Dealers from and after the 15th inst. will sell Coal at the following Rates:

Best Screened Coal,	-	$7.00 per Ton.
do do do	-	$2 per 1-4 Ton.
Slack, - - - -		$4.00 per Ton.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

VICTORIA COAL, WOOD & LUMBER CO.,
CENTRAL COAL AND WOOD YARD,
WELLINGTON COAL YARD,
BRODERICK'S COAL YARD,
ROCK BAY COAL YARD,
JANION'S WHARF COAL YARD.

NEW GOODS

For Fall and Winter

Just Received at

A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 62 Yates Street.

THE VICTORIA TAILORING AND DYEING ESTAB'T,

JNO. T. PIERRE Proprietor,

PIERRE BLOCK, (Near City Hall) 100 DOUGLAS STREET

SUITS from $20.00 up. PANTS from $6.00 up.

Clothes cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired. "Prices lower than the lowest."

N.B.—I have no branch store and no drummers to annoy you, but will promptly attend to all orders by mail. au19-1m

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase)	£500,000,	$2,920,000
RESERVE	£270,000,	$1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

In British Columbia—	In the United States—
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (Kootenay Lake).	SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, Manager.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and value of properties.

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